

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

FINAL
EDITION

VOLUME LXXVIII.—NO. 78. C. (COPRIGHT, 1919, BY THE TRIBUNE COMPANY.)

TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1919.—32 PAGES.

THIS PAPER COVERS ONE

** PRICE TWO CENTS IN CHICAGO AND SUBURBS. ELSWHERE THREE CENTS.

SEE 700,000 VOTE TODAY!

Reds Ask German Alliance

ALLIES REDUCE
DAMAGES BILL;
20 BILLIONS

U. S. Threat to Quit
Due to Speed
Up Treaty.

BY HENRY WALES.

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

(Special Wireless Dispatch to The Tribune.)

(Copyright, 1919, by The Tribune Company.)

PARIS, March 31.—The Big Four met this morning and talked reparations, and this afternoon discussed the western frontiers of Germany.

The allied figures for indemnities are still too high for the United States, as it is understood the American financial experts do not favor demanding more than \$15,000,000,000 from Germany, whereas France alone claims \$16,000,000,000 and Great Britain has announced she expects at least half as much as France. Belgium asks \$8,000,000,000.

It is believed the French claims eventually will be cut to about \$10,000,000,000, Belgium \$5,000,000,000, and others, like England, Serbia, Poland, and America, to \$1,000,000,000 apiece. The British claims are chiefly for Zeppelin raids and submarine sinkings, which are subject to material reduction.

Pay in Dollars.

The allied financiers have not yet agreed as to whether Germany shall pay in marks, francs, pounds, or dollars, but it is thought the dollars will finally be accepted as the most stable form of present exchange.

All idea of setting up a Rhenish republic on the left bank of the Rhine now has been abandoned by the French, but the claim is still made for the Saar basin embracing more than a million German subjects. It is understood the Saar basin will be left in German territory, but all the products mined there will be handed over to the French for a term of years covering the time during which Germany is paying the reparations bill.

Marshal Foch maintains his position that all the German fortifications on the left bank of the Rhine should be razed and the bridges patrolled by the league of nations.

Covenant Is Completed.

The league of nations covenant has been practically completed by the international lawyers and will come back tomorrow before the league commission, when the American and Japanese amendments covering the Monroe doctrine and Asiatic exclusion will come up. It is expected the covenant will be finally completed by the end of the week.

Following President Wilson's demand that something be accomplished toward drawing up a peace treaty, it is expected the financial and boundary terms will be settled within ten days and that the peace treaty with the league covenant attached will be ready for the Germans before May 1.

Threat to Withdraw.

The American threat to withdraw from the peace conference unless the treaty is speedily drawn up is expected to bear fruit tomorrow, when it is believed the exaggerated demands for territory and reparations will be materially reduced.

The French already have drawn up new reparations demands, which are considerably less than any sums which they ever before considered, and it is believed the Saar basin will come to a problem hereafter.

With Danzig disposed of as a free port under German control, this leaves the two principal questions nearly solved, unless further attempts are made to kick over the traces.

Monroe of Bolshevism.

To the bolshevik menace primarily is due the speeding up tactics, although it is not denied that objections and criticism from the constituents of the peace delegates on account of the continual delays also was an important factor.

President Wilson realizes fully that America is dissatisfied because peace

Bomb Wrecks
Flats After
\$2,500 Threat

SEEK TO MAKE
PACT AGAINST
THE ENTENTE

Austria and Russia
May Join in
Combine.

Members of three Italian families were aroused from slumber early today when a bomb was exploded in the hallway of a three story brick building at 2314 Wentworth avenue, wrecking the stairway and the front of the structure. Members of the family living on the second floor, owners of the building, were thrown from their beds. Windows in nearby structures were broken by explosion.

The bomb, the police believe, was directed against the family of Pasquale Bagnoli, a clerk employed in the post office, who was at work at the time. His wife and six of his seven children were shaken out of their beds when the structure was rocked on its foundation.

Bagnoli admitted that blackmailers had made threats to wreck the building if \$2,500 was not forthcoming.

The family of Joseph Valentino occupies the first floor, and the family of George Cataneo lives on the third floor.

According to witnesses, two men were seen running away from the house a short time before the bomb, placed at the foot of the front stairs, exploded.

The army now numbers 100,000 men.

Volled Threat Is Made.

Bela Kun, foreign minister, has acknowledged in an interview that Hungary's commune does not desire to make war on the entente at present, but asserts that Hungary wishes to live peacefully with all. He says:

"Our only object is to protect the common people and defend their soil and also the industries, which are the property of the proletariat."

Bela Kun makes no secret of the fact that he has merely used the last argument possible against the entente, saying:

"While the other countries of the former empire have been threatening the entente with bolshevism if their wishes were not consulted, we merely had the courage to take this step."

The Hungarians declare that their action is guaranteed by President Wilson's four points, and that their ideals of personal and national liberty are embodied in the American Declaration of Independence.

Soldier Puts Head on
Rail; Second Tells
of Death Plan.

Bretton Lester Wilson Bates of the Canadian aviation corps and Private Harvey Dorsey came back out of France, out of the path of the enemy, broken in body and spirit.

Bates had an incurable wound in his back; Dorsey was shell shocked. Bates left the home of his friends, 617 West Fifty-seventh street, Sunday afternoon, after writing them a letter saying he was going to end his life.

Dorsey committed suicide last night by placing his head on the rail of the North Shore Electric line. A train decapitated him.

Returns to Girl Friend.

Bates was a laborer in the employ of E. F. Burge, a carpenter contractor, and lived with him and his wife and his daughter, Laura, for two years.

He enlisted with the Canadians nearly three years ago and recently returned to their home in Fifty-seventh street. He was glad to see them, and especially Laura, who had been writing him while he was in France and whom he regarded as a sister.

The doctors in Brest, and in England, and in Toronto, and at St. Luke's hospital in Chicago had told him, however, that his wound could not be cured. He was discharged from St. Luke's a week ago yesterday.

He said little to the family about himself. When he left Sunday he was ailing. A little later Mr. Burge found the letter in the mail box.

"Bleeding to Death. Internally."

The letter read:

"Out of life into death I now go. Don't weep for me, as I find life not worth the living; in the condition I am in. I am bleeding to death internally. My back is in such shape that makes life a misery, so I leave your most hospitable home, the only place I could ever really call a home."

"To help the cause along I had just set up my bit to die quicker, so when you are reading this there will be no life in me."

"I do take my life with my own hands, as I am not and can never be like I used to be."

"I Have Done My Bit."

"This is awful, but, as life is a misery, I now do myself the pleasure of making a good job of it."

"I fought to keep the Hunns from your door, and from this country. So I have done my bit in this world, for God and country, and for the right. I leave this world happily and easily. I think it better to stand a little part for tomorrow than to be all the life in this condition that cannot be cured."

"I leave this home to carry out my plan. Do not weep. Good-bye and God bless you."

And that was the last heard from Bates.

Bates had a mother, Mrs. Blanche Bates, at 1112 Island avenue, McLean's Rock, Pa.

Dorsey was undergoing treatment at the Fort Sheridan hospital.

(Continued on page 4, column 4.)

Many Drown
When Crowd
Falls in River

Bristol, Pa., March 31.—[Special.]—A disaster unlike anything recorded in decades in Atlantic coast shipyards occurred this afternoon when a temporary scaffolding extending around the stern of a boat in the Merchants' shipyards at Harriman, near here, collapsed. Nearly 150 people were standing on the scaffolding to view the launching of the freighter Waukau.

At 7 o'clock tonight only four bodies had been recovered, but official estimates of the death toll varied from ten to forty. According to the thousands who had assembled to see the launching and were eyewitnesses of the accident, the scaffolding simply seemed to turn over like a giant turtle, precipitating its occupants into twenty-five feet of water. The accident happened exactly four minutes before the launching was scheduled to take place.

Divers Seek the Victims.

Divers of Bristol and Harriman police and firemen are grappling in the swift waters of the Delaware for the victims, but it is feared that many have been carried against the pilings of the ways and docks at the great shipyard and that the actual death toll may never be known.

At the Harriman hospital it was said that preparations had been made to handle forty bodies and officials estimated that the death toll might reach that number. Deputy Coroner Harvey Rue, Bristol, however, is of the opinion that not more than ten more victims are in the water.

It will be impossible to check up the list of victims, as the crowd included spectators as well as workmen, and there is no means of knowing how many were standing upon the scaffolding when it plunged into the water.

Crowd on a Plankway.

The scene of the accident was on No. 6 hull, adjoining the ways where the Waukau was to be launched. Chased from other points of vantage by the guards, workmen and spectators crowded into a plankway about five feet in width and extending around the stern of the hull. This scaffold was erected to permit the workmen to pass around the stern without having to return to shore each time they passed from one side to another on the boat.

While workmen were sawing the keypiece on the Waukau, a shout was heard and the crowd saw the scaffold being tilted over, nearly 150 persons being thrown into the Delaware. Almost immediately the keypiece parted and the big hull slid down the ways, the suction, it is feared, drawing many unfortunate down.

Sailor Is a Hero.

Every available craft, including the tug which were on hand to make fast to the Waukau, rushed to the scene. Some of the victims, practically all of whom were men, managed to grasp the scaffolding and were pulled to safety.

A sailor in the crowd of spectators jumped overboard and pulled two drowning men ashore. Within a few moments all who were still on the scaffolding were saved.

Says Austria May Join
Chicago Tribune—New York Times Cable.

BERNE, March 30.—[Delayed.]

The most trustworthy Viennese correspondence is that if allied troops do not occupy Vienna within a week Austria will join Hungary and Russia in a bolshevik confederation.

The doctors in Brest, and in England, and in Toronto, and at St. Luke's hospital in Chicago had told him, however, that his wound could not be cured. He was discharged from St. Luke's a week ago yesterday.

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"I fought to keep the Hunns from your door, and from this country. So I have done my bit in this world, for God and country, and for the right. I leave this world happily and easily. I think it better to stand a little part for tomorrow than to be all the life in this condition that cannot be cured."

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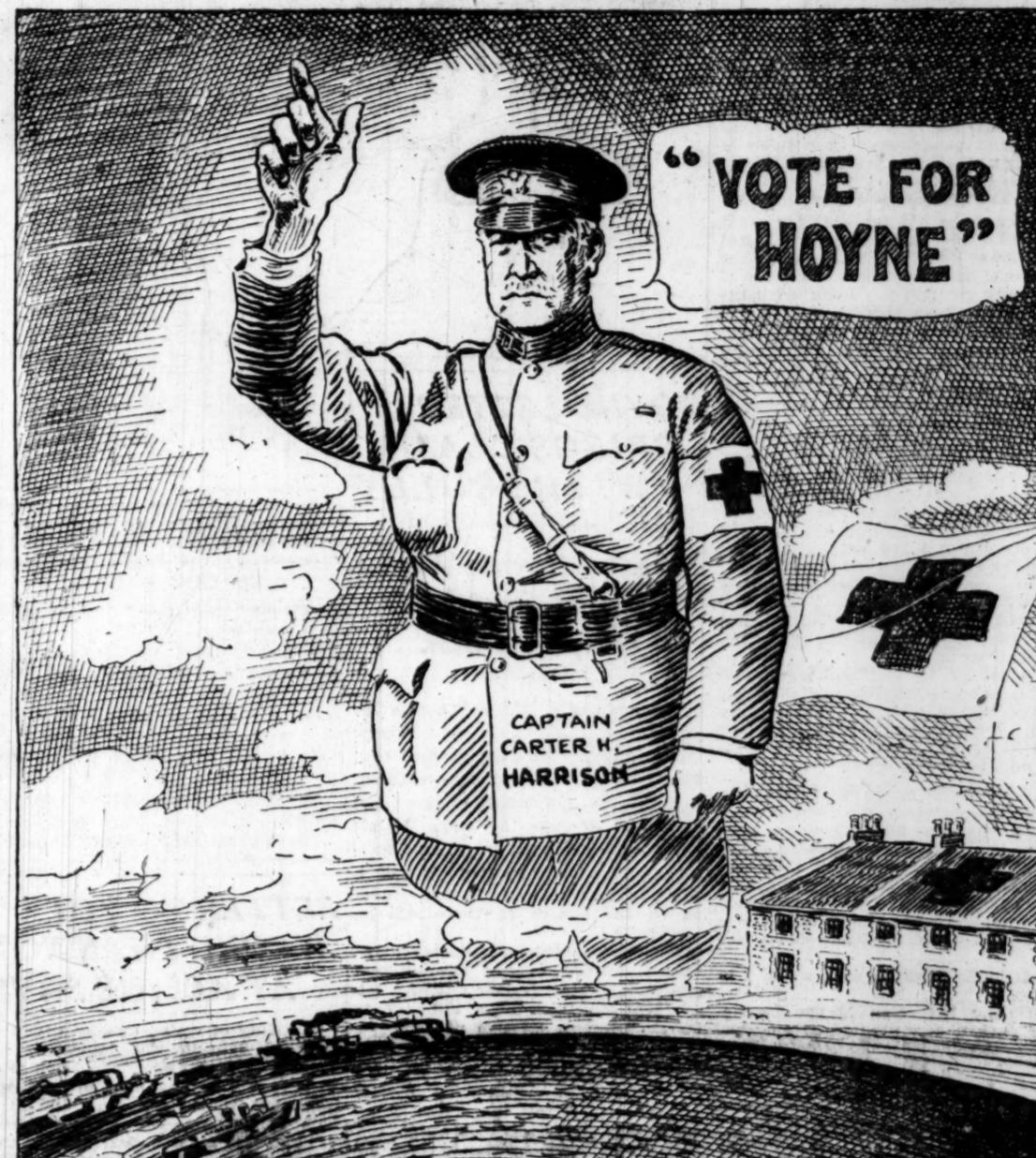
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(Continued on page 4, column 4.)

FIRST AID TREATMENT FOR CHICAGO

[Copyright: 1919: by John T. McCutcheon.]



U. S. SOCIALISTS TO STRIKE MAY 1?

Debs, Denied Retrial, Says

All Will Go Out; No
Coal for Indiana.

THE WEATHER

TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1919.

Sunrise, 6:32 a. m., sunset, 7:15 p. m. Moon sets 8:41 p. m.

CHICAGO AND VICINITY.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

SUNDAY.

MONDAY.

TUESDAY.

WEDNESDAY.

THURSDAY.

FRIDAY.

SATURDAY.

SUNDAY.

MONDAY.

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SATURDAY.

SUNDAY.

MONDAY.

TUESDAY.

WEDNESDAY.

THURSDAY.

WIPE THOUGHT OUT AT DOUGHBOY

Messages on the
Pour Into "Paris Of"

BY FLOYD C.
Chicago Tribune Special
Copyright: 1919: By the

PARIS, March 29.—Chicago's election the
beginnings in the American forces continue to be

some of the comments
in the office of The

ready to send to Chicago

and the American forces

March 22.—Paris Times

resident of Chicago

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familiar with the police

and administration. I

myself of average

intelligence after the

war. The motives that

pealed many thousand

sacrifices to enlist in the

and justice. The

opposite extreme to the

Thompson administra

which has been in

olive drab uniform

United States.

"MARSHAL

Here's Another

Another letter to the

March 22.—I voted

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for him now if

date for street sweep

"First Hoyne.

"FIRST LIEUT. CHAR

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The Tribune for the

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A. E. F.

"MANTEES. Finest

sure a sorry soldier

going to be in C. I. C.

and cast my vote for

the people of C

the man for the chanc

As for the Swedes

on the best man

in the A. E. F.

"CHIAGO. Finance

sure another letter

"As an American

travelled over nearly

fight for justice, I

the same principles

in home town. I would

MacLay Hoyne.

"DEPT. COMPANY 63 A.

address, 2433 All

Following are some

letters received:

"I always have

published in the

"Company D. Twentieth

talion, A. E. F. Fran

"The Chicago adve

"Worley & Worley

"179 West Washington

Methodists Con

Speech, As

Petitions were circ

which were signed by

ministers and their

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which have been the

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years.

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A Disgrace

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Rev. D. D. Vaughan

Green, the Rev. Pro

the Rev. H. E. Rom

MINERVA WINS WAY TO WISDOM IN LOOP POLITICS

It's Hard Day for Miss Hope, but One Assertion Hits Home.

BY MAUDE MARTIN EVERE

Miss Minerva Hope of the south side registered as a voter in February for the first time. Being of age and in full possession of her senses, owner of an apartment building and all that besides being the last Hope of the Hope tree—although timid to take a stand as a regular citizen and fulfill her duties.

She read the newspapers thoroughly and minutely morn, noon, and night, and she declared to Mrs. Hopkins next door that she was an unprejudiced voter, and unhampered by a habit of casting a ticket for years as a Republican.

"Chicago is going to vote itself free from the Thompson-Sweitzer bipartisan machine."

"Chicago is going to vote itself loyal to America and free from the radical politics played by Thompson and Sweitzer."

"Chicago is going to rebuke the anti-American appeals of Thompson and Sweitzer."

"Chicago is going to vote itself from public control."

"Chicago has al-

ways voted independent in mayoral elections. The voters have sometimes been misled, but they never been 'deflected' by a political machine. They will not be delivered by the bipartisan machine to either of its dan-

"Today is the day of reckoning between the regular party and the self-serving politicians who denounced Thompson and Sweitzer in the primaries and who urge free men and women to support these unit candidates in the election."

"The regular party bosses have shown that their promises are worthless and their campaign pamphlets are mostly lies to catch the public."

"The voters have long waited for this hour when with one blow they can smash the political combination, which has levied heavy taxes upon the people as the cost of wretched government, which has heaped shame upon the city, and dragged its name in the dust."

SWITZER PRESENTS ISSUE

In his closing statement of the campaign, Robert M. Sweitzer said:

"There is one issue to be decided at the polls tomorrow. That is do the people want the same kind of a mayor and city administration that they have had for the last four years?"

"There are no national issues at stake. My election will not be heralded as a victory for any political party. It will simply mean that the cause of good government and a true Americanism has triumphed."

"I want to make plain now because it would be the rankest kind of injustice to the thousands of good Republicans who are supporting me to attempt to make it the rank and file of the Republicans. The ticket is representative of all the elements of the party in Chicago and symbolizes a unity which is required to bring the party into supremacy in the city, state, and nation."

"As the men and women of Chicago are preparing to go to the polls and make their selection of a mayor and other city officials I am supremely confident they will give their approval to the Republican ticket with a vote approximating 50 per cent of the ballot cast."

"I base this judgment on my belief

that the voters are fully aware of the

act that from the standpoint of both

local and national issues the public in

interest will be best served by a Repub-

lican victory."

"In my opinion, a majority of our

voters believe that a nickel carfare

and a fare of 10 cents for the

bus will mean an immediate increase in

carfares to 7 cents."

THOMPSON'S LAST WORD

Mayor Thompson, in his last word,

said he expected to receive 50 per cent of the votes cast today. His state-

"In the close of this most remarkable campaign it is a source of gratifica-

tion to me to re-

quest that I have con-

ducted a clean fight in behalf of

the ticket named in the party

primary by the rank and file of

any political party or the mayor of

any political faction. I will not be

the mayor of any section of the city, or of

any part of the city. I will be the

mayor of all Chicago."

Making It Clear.

"Mr. Thompson—Down and '

WIPE THOMPSON OUT AT POLLS, DOUGHBOYS SAY

Messages on the Election Pour Into "Tribune" Paris Office.

By FLOYD GIBBONS.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
(By Special Cable.)

PARIS, March 29.—On the eve of Chicago's election the ink wells of Chicago's foreign press are black with the news that the forces continue to boil. In addition to some of the comments received by the Paris office of this TRIBUNE and already sent to Chicago, these further messages are interesting:

"Eight Hundred and Twenty-sixth Aero Squadron, P. O. 718, A. E. F., March 22.—Paris Tribune: I have been a resident of Chicago all my life. Under myself of average intelligence, am familiar with the policies of the Thompson administration. I also consider myself of average loyalty, having enlisted shortly after the United States declared war. That the war inspired me impelled me many thousands of other Americans to enlist in the cause of freedom and justice. They represent the opposite extreme to the policies of the Thompson administration of Chicago, which has been an insult to every man in olive drab uniform of our glorious United States."

"MARSHALL B. DEWEY."

He's Another Letter.
Another letter received reads:

"General Hoynes, A. E. F., March 22.—I voted for the 'bogus master' in the last election. I wouldn't vote for him now if he were a candidate for street sweeper."

"ELECT HOYNE."

"First Lieut. CHARLES E. BROWN, "3210 Kenwood avenue, Chicago."

"And another letter reads:

"March 22.—Submit the following is the opinion of Three Hundred and Eleventh supply train, Blackhawk division, which is composed approximately of 500 Chicago men drawn from every occupation in life:

"Opinion: 95 per cent of the men in this outfit is that Hoynes is the logical man for mayor in view of the fact he's a fighter and not controlled by any trusts and he has the welfare of Chicago at heart. Five per cent of the men would vote for Swettler, still they feel he's not big enough to defeat Thompson."

"Kamerad" for Thompson.

"As for Mayor Thompson, if he were depending on votes from the boys over there, he would be in trouble. He's a barker and holler 'Kamerad' for we have not forgotten the rebuke he handed Marshal Joffre or the way he encouraged men in line at the marriage bureau after the United States declared war."

"We take this opportunity to thank THE TRIBUNE for the honest, fearless way in which it publishes the news and also for its own opinions, especially for the benefit of the soldiers of A. E. F. and B. J. SHEEHAN."

"NATIONAL, French, March 24.—I am here to tell you that the boys are not going to be in Chicago on election day and cast my vote for the man that has shown the people of Chicago that he is the man for the chair—Macay Hoynes.

As for Bob Swettler, he is a good man, but not the best man. As for Thompson, he is not a good man. He is not in the A. E. F. and not one in my company. If the people of Chicago want to welcome their soldiers home they can do so by giving us a new mayor and let it be Macay Hoynes."

"PRIVATE JOHN P. MCGRATH, "Chicago address, 6217 Indiana avenue."

"Look for Justice in Home Town."

"Hoynes is another letter:

"As an American soldier who has traveled over nearly half the globe to fight for justice, I surely expect to find the same principles represented in my home town. I would vote for none but Macay Hoynes."

"PRIVATE A. M. HELLER, "Depot company, 10th A. E. F., France."

"Chicago address, 2433 Alhambra avenue."

"Following are some other typical letters:

"I always have been a staunch Republican, and worked hard to put 'Big Bill' over for years ago, but if I were here today I would work just as hard to defeat him this year."

"Hoping he's defeated, I remain yours truly, FRANK H. MITCHELL."

"Former Precinct Captain, Seventy-seventh precinct, Seventh ward, now sergeant first class, base Camp Marshall, A. P. O. 716, Brest, France."

"A Disgrace to City."

"SAINT AIGNAN, France.—Being a resident of Chicago, a member of the Chicago club, and a view of the clouds that hung around Mayor Thompson's 'Americanism,' would it not be a disgrace to elect him again? His pre-war statements alone convict him of being on the fence when it came to crushing the Hun. Chicago should defeat him in order to sustain her patriotic position. Very truly yours,

"Sgt. DOUGLAS L. WORSLY, "Company D, Twentieth Machine Gun Battalion, A. E. F., France."

"The Chicago address of Worsley is Worsley & Worsley, Attorneys, 1010, 119 West Washington street."

Methodists Condemn Free Speech, Asserts Protest

Resolutions were unanimously adopted yesterday at the annual meeting of the Chicago Methodist church, a view of the clouds that hung around Mayor Thompson's 'Americanism,' would it not be a disgrace to elect him again? His pre-war statements alone convict him of being on the fence when it came to crushing the Hun. Chicago should defeat him in order to sustain her patriotic position. Very truly yours,

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Resolutions were circulated yesterday which were signed by many Methodist ministers calling upon the publishing agents of the Methodist Book concern to refuse their services to disintegrate the publications of Harry F. Ward of Union Theological Seminary which have been thrown out on the alleged ground that Prof. Ward had issued a pamphlet which was too favorable to bolshevism."

"The ideas expressed by Dr. Beck are embodied in the protest. Among the signers the protest are: Rev. D. Vaughan, the Rev. T. R. Green, the Rev. Prof. H. F. Hall, and the Rev. H. E. Rompelt."

In the Center of Chicago's Political Maelstrom

Scene at State and Madison Streets Where Battle for Votes Attracted Great Crowds and One of Novelties Used to Aid One of the Candidates for Mayor



SOLDIER BOYS SAY MAYOR AIDS ATTACKED THEM

This is the second German city, all right—at Thompson meeting, any how."

Private Clarence McCarthy, late of the One Hundred and Eighth engineers, Company E, now residing at 4709 Jackson boulevard, said it as he leaped into THE TRIBUNE office bracing with a cane a leg shattered by a German shell.

With him were eight other overseas men, nearly all wearing wound stripes McCarthy emerged from a hospital ship in the war with the Canadians and finished with the United States army, were the spokesman. Here's their story:

"We went up to a Thompson meeting at the Jacob Beidler school at Kedzie and Walnut street. There were twenty of us in the crowd and we were asked to leave. We started to leave, with our arms folded. They were asked to leave. We started to leave. As we went out we were shot."

"Ernest Doane was kicked and bruised and his leg almost broken. Sergt. Popper was hit with a blackjack, and several other fellows badly mussed up. We hadn't said a word."

In the delegation with Popper and McCarthy were Ernest Doane, Frank A. Belmont, Harvey Woodward, H. C. Warren, and Warren Leisz.

Elect Us; We Ask No Pay! is Campaign Motto

The resolutions were adopted after a discussion which occupied three sessions, according to the Rev. T. F. Dornbaser, one of the number. They read:

"Since certain Chicago pastors have urged their constituents to vote against prohibition in the present election, we deem it our solemn duty to voice our conscientious convictions upon this stupendous issue now confronting the American people."

"We shall with joy the signal victory of prohibition in both houses of congress and in forty-five state legislatures. We have the courage of the armed and naval for their heroic service in shielding our boys from temptation in the camps and overseas. We hereby declare ourselves in hearty accord with the principle of nation-wide prohibition as related to the drinking saloon and we pledge ourselves to do so in our power by accept and endorse the following statement as soon as possible the beneficial results contemplated by the constitutional amendment enacted and ratified by the powers that be. We do not believe any of our pastors should singly line up the church of Jesus Christ with the saloons."

"Dr. F. O. Beck, Prof. Ward's attitude towards bolshevism is not the matter at stake," said Dr. F. O. Beck, chairman of the committee which is pushing the protest. "We are speaking in the interest of freedom of the press and the spirit of democracy. We know certain men to have the power to suppress at will and upon their sole authority any books by the church which they choose to condemn."

The ideas expressed by Dr. Beck are embodied in the protest. Among the signers the protest are: Rev. D. Vaughan, the Rev. T. R. Green, the Rev. Prof. H. F. Hall, and the Rev. H. E. Rompelt."

PASTORS OPPOSE GERMAN CHURCH PLEA FOR LIQUOR

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ELECTION FACTS

Polls open at 6 a. m. and close at 4 p. m.

Women have a vote on mayor, city treasurer, city clerk, aldermen, the bond issues, and wet and dry referendum.

There are three bond proposals: \$1,200,000 to satisfy judgments against the city, and \$600,000 for extensions to the Cook county poorhouse.

All returning soldiers, sailors, and marines who have been discharged from the army within thirty days and who are not registered can vote by affidavit.

Eligible registered vote, besides returning soldiers, approximately 792,000 Voting precincts in Chicago, 2,215.

*Present alderman.

The voters are recommended to vote "yes" on all bond issues.

"yes" on all bond issues.

PASTORS VOICE PERSONAL VIEWS BACKING HOYNE

Interest in the mayoralty contest was keen among the ministers yesterday, and at the annual meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association no public reference was made. Compton was busy after adjournment.

Dr. J. Howard Agnew Johnston, one of the most prominent of the interdenominational leaders in Chicago; Dr. Jess Zeigler, pastor of the Hyde Park church; Dr. C. C. Clegg, pastor of the First Methodist church; Dr. Charles B. Althoff, pastor of the Lower Memorial Baptist church, were among those who announced their intention to support Macay Hoynes at the polls today.

"I am not a partisan in politics, my chief interest being in the cause of evangelism and interchurch work, but of the candidates I believe Mr. Hoynes will make the best mayor," said Dr. Johnston.

"I know many men who know Mr. Hoynes and who have confidence in him," said Dr. Zeigler. "I feel like him in his judgment, because they have had a longer time than I to know his qualifications. I therefore intend to vote for him."

"I am heart and soul for Mr. Hoynes," said Mr. Althoff. "Sentiment has been crystallizing around him rapidly and I believe he will be elected. I think he is the best man for the job."

"We shall with joy the signal victory of prohibition in both houses of congress and in forty-five state legislatures. We have the courage of the armed and naval for their heroic service in shielding our boys from temptation in the camps and overseas. We hereby declare ourselves in hearty accord with the principle of nation-wide prohibition as related to the drinking saloon and we pledge ourselves to do so in our power by accept and endorse the following statement as soon as possible the beneficial results contemplated by the constitutional amendment enacted and ratified by the powers that be. We do not believe any of our pastors should singly line up the church of Jesus Christ with the saloons."

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POWERS REDUCE DAMAGES BILL; 20 BILLIONS

U. S. Threat to Quit Due to Speed Up Work on Treaty.

(Continued from first page.)

has not yet been made and he is determined that the peace treaty shall be drawn up without further delay.

Allied nations have been told they must submit demands which are impossible to realize and America will not consent or permit a treaty to be drawn up which Germany cannot accept owing to the harshness of the terms.

For the first time since the conference started it is realized that a grave danger exists that the enemy will not accept many drastic conditions which have been tentatively accepted.

FOCH HAS POWER.
LONDON, March 31.—[By Associated Press.]—The Evening News says it understands that reliable information has been received in London that in case the German delegates refuse to sign the peace treaty, Marshal Foch has authority to order a general advance of the allied armies along the Rhine.

Meet Foe at Compiegne.

PARIS, March 31.—[By the Associated Press.]—The first meeting between the financial commission of the peace conference and the German financial agents will take place on Thursday at Compiegne, where an indefinite session will be held to arrange for the exchange of German securities for foodstuffs.

After the first session it is probable that the members of the allied financial commission will remain in Compiegne, as the business to be transacted will be of such a nature that trained bankers can conduct it without assistance from the executive members of the commission.

Work at Cologne.

In addition to Compiegne, committees are also working at Cologne for the disposition of raw material at Rotterdam on arrangement concerning shipments of food, and at Spa concerning the details of taking over German shipping. The committee at Rotterdam is the one that looked after Belgian rail work before the armistice was signed.

The German subcommission has arrived at Spa, it is announced.

The commission of six members is due to reach the Chateau de Villette near Compiegne on Tuesday. The chateau where the Germans will be quartered is near the borders of Marshal Foch's racing the German armistice delegates last November.

American electricians have established telephone lines to the meeting place for the convenience of the conference.

Gen. Mangin, who it has been reported, will be appointed to command allied operations in the Balkans and Russia, had a conference with Pre-



FIGHTING BEGINS IN HUNGARY

ENEMIES UNITE; GERMANS LEAD HUNGARY ARMY

Austria and Russia May Be Joined in Red Alliance.

(Continued from first page.)

1—Czecho-Slovak troops have taken Kaschau and several other points in southern Slovakia near the Hungarian border. It is reported Hungary has served an ultimatum on the Czecho-Slovak government because of concentration of troops and rumored mobilization in Bohemia.

2—Disorders reported in Budapest. Germans have been warned to leave Hungary. One hundred and fifty executions have taken place in Hungarian capital since establishment of Horthy government.

3—Communist troops which invaded

4—Hungarian colonists in Transylvania, in region of Kronstadt, are opposing communist rule set up in Budapest.

5—Hungarians have attacked the French in the neutral zone between Hungary and Roumania and captured 350 prisoners. The French general has demanded their release, which, it is reported, has been promised.

6—Hungarian Capture French.

PARIS, March 31.—[By the Associated Press.]—A small force of French troops stationed in the neutral zone between Hungary and Roumania has been attacked by Hungarian troops, 350 of the French being taken prisoner, according to an official report received here.

7—Hungarians have demanded the release of the prisoners has been promised by the Hungarians.

Greatly disturbed conditions are reported to exist in Hungary.

The Hungarians and Serbians

missions which were in Budapest when the Hungarian revolution broke out have arrived at Belgrade. They were imprisoned in their living quarters but not sent to jail.

Reports that the railroad strike in German Austria has been settled are untrue, according to a Vienna dispatch.

ROOT SPEECH GIVES COMFORT TO BOTH SIDES

BY CHARLES H. GRASTY.
Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable.

PARIS, March 31.—[By Associated Press.]—Alexander Schmidt has arrived in Paris to present Bessarabia's protest against Roumanian occupation. These two delegates come to Paris with a direct mandate from the Bessarabian people, having been elected delegates by popular vote.

Their protest rests upon the principles of self-determination. Owing to its geographical wealth, Bessarabia is considered a rich prize. It occupies the southwestern corner of Russia, between the Dniester, which divides it from Moldavia, and the Pruth on the east; and, as it is largely Moldavian in blood and language, Roumania has set a claim to its 7,000,000 acres of land and 2,500,000 people.

The Roumanian occupation is a usurping, despotic, and unrighteous, the delegates assert. They say the Bessarabians are Russians, and will never accept Roumanian rule. Kropotkin and Schmidt are urging a plebiscite for Bessarabia and they say that if self-determination were confined to the Moldavian element, the Roumanians would be overwhelmed. In favor of Russian sovereignty, the vote would be overwhelming, while the other 53 per cent comprising Slavs, Greeks, Armenians, Bulgarians, and Jews, would oppose Roumanian annexation.

British Miners Refuse Leaders' Plea on Terms

NEW FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE. Mail of all classes, with the exception of parcel post matter and money orders, will be received for agents in Czecho-Slovakia, according to an announcement yesterday from Postmaster William B. Carile. With the exception of registered mail, parcel post, and money orders, will be received in Czecho-Slovakia, Bosnia, Herzegovina, and Montenegro.

to the Echo de Paris, which was forwarded by way of Genoa. Negotiations between the strikers and Herr Renner, the German and Amer. Deutsch, secretary for military affairs, have failed and the strike continues on the Eastern and Southern railroad, it is said.

Col. Cary of the British army, who is at Triest, has offered to act as arbitrator, but the strikers have been destroying railroad property and stopping the transportation of food. A council of railroad workers has been formed in Styria.

Chancellor Renner has implored the strikers to moderate their demands, pointing out that in case of complications the entente troops will occupy the country. Employees of the western section of the Franz Joseph railroad have joined in the strike which prevails on the northern and northwestern systems.

Advices Germans to Leave.

BERLIN, March 30.—[By the Associated Press.]—The diplomatic agent of the German government at Budapest has advised Germans to leave Hungary.

Fix Rates of Wages.

VIENNA, March 31, via London.—The daily wages of laborers in Budapest has been fixed at 30 crowns (\$8) for men, 25 crowns (\$6) for women, and twenty crowns (\$4) for children.

Thousands of lawyers, small business men, and officials are out of employment as a result of the revolution.

Ultimatum to Czechs?

BASLE, Switzerland, March 31.—[By the Associated Press.]—The Hungarian government has sent an ultimatum to the Czecho-Slovak government. This action, it is stated, was taken because of the concentration of Czecho-Slovak troops and a rumor that there would be a general mobilization in Bohemia in the near future.

On demand of the French general the release of the prisoners has been promised by the Hungarians.

Greatly disturbed conditions are reported to exist in Hungary.

The Hungarians and Serbians

missions which were in Budapest when the Hungarian revolution broke out have arrived at Belgrade. They were imprisoned in their living quarters but not sent to jail.

Reports that the railroad strike in German Austria has been settled are untrue, according to a Vienna dispatch.

Great Lakes to Have Largest Radio School

Washington, D. C., March 31.—[Special.]—Both factions in the senate controversy over the league of nations found comfort today in the statement given out last night by Elihu Root, former secretary of state, analyzing the proposed covenant.

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, chairman of the foreign relations committee, was pleased with the "strong commendation Mr. Root gives to some of the league's most important provisions," particularly article 10, pledging signatories to maintain the territorial integrity and political independence of members of the league. This article has been under furious bombardment.

Senator Borah of Idaho, one of the foremost opponents of the league, was pleased with Mr. Root's stand for the preservation of the Monroe doctrine. Mr. Root declared that there never was a time when the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine was more essential to the safety of America.

"The American people," Senator Borah said, "will be grateful to Senator Root for this clear and courageous announcement of the true American principle."

A SPECIAL ELECTION DINNER

Will be Served from 5 to 8 P. M.

at One Dollar per Cover

The Stevens Building Restaurant

The Finest Restaurant of its kind in the World

Eighth Floor Stevens Building 17 North State Street

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British Miners Refuse Leaders' Plea on Terms

LONDON, March 31.—Delegates representing 150,000 Welsh miners adopted a resolution this afternoon at Cardiff advising against acceptance of the government's terms proposed in an effort to avert a strike. This action was taken against the advice of the miners' leaders.

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LENINE ARMY NOT A RABBLE; WELL ORGANIZED

Many Old Officers Are
Serving Reds, Who
Have 1,000,000.

Arms for 1,000,000 men—calls issued
for \$1,000,000 more. Only those at full
ranks who serve the Red Guard. The
soviets in full control of all European
Russia and Asiatic Russia to the Urals.
The world can like it—or not. This is
the word picture printed today by Fra-
zier Hunt in the most absorbing story
of his present serial on Russia today.

BY FRAZIER HUNT.

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
(Copyright: 1919, by The Tribune Company.)

SEVENTH ARTICLE.

PETROGRAD, by Courier to Paris, March 31.—The soviets' Red army today is a stronger and more efficient fighting force than it has ever been. It is better disciplined, better equipped, better organized, and better officered. Thousands of old former officers have joined it, and at present numbering something over a million men, it presents a formidable front.

Whether a majority of the troops have the real "red" spirit is still difficult to say. The Reds, merely seeing the soldiers strolling about the barracks and parading the streets, but it is to be doubted whether it could either deliver or withstand a really serious thrust of any proportions.

The real heart of this army lies in its thousands of flaring, fighting agitators. Night and day these trained propagandists are working the soldiers, inspiring them with revolutionary fire and keeping them going with promises of glories that are coming.

How It Holds Together.

The agitators and terror分子 hold together these million or more men. Roughly, this army is made up, first, of city workmen who are really sincere and brave revolutionists, fairly small in numbers; but powerful through their determination and purpose; second, a mass of young men who have come into the army because honours have given them the army habit; third, plain adventurers who have volunteered because there is fighting and looting; foreign units such as the "Tunis" and great numbers of Austro-Hungarian and some German prisoners of war who volunteered. The majority of the latter are real communists and revolutionists.

All these are volunteers, but today mobilization is going on, and the soviets' determination is to raise an army of 3,000,000 men.

Army on Full Rations.

Probably the real thing that keeps the army is bread and pay. The soldier has drawn a pound and a half of black bread daily, against the city workmen's half pound, and he has extra rations of all kinds. He is the first man to be fed and the first man paid. He draws his \$30 a month at present. The old days of loot, however, are over. If a soldier is found stealing now he is shot.

Most high offices and all the staff positions are now filled by old generals and officers of the czar's army. More and more they have come back to the Red Army. At their elbows are revolutionaries who think the real work of running the army is in their hands. In the early days of the revolution common soldiers took over running the army themselves. They killed thousands of their officers, did away with saluting, and tried to run the army with soldiers' committees.

Forced to Turn Back.

Every soldier felt he was a law unto himself, so when he wished it he took his gun and went home. It didn't take many of the revolutionaries to get the command heads that they would have to turn back, at least part way, to the old system. So opportunity was given to the old officers to come back and take charge of the technical end. At present discipline is practically as severe as it was in the old days. They have abolished all military trappings, such as saluting and marching, spats and gay officers' costumes, but strict obedience to orders rules again. Officers and men are punished equally now. Most of the new junior officers actually commanding soldiers come from the class of city workmen. The rank and file of soldiers is placed in their working, revolutionary class of soldiers. Only these are certain to carry the fire of their revolution.

Not Ragamuffin Army.

At a recent celebration in honor of the third communist congress, some 300 of them with detachments of red sailors. Even what I know in general, I would say they were a pretty likely looking lot. The idea that they are a gang of rag-tag-and-bobtail is absolutely wrong. They had good uniforms, mostly new leather equipment, regulation rifles and they carried not only rifles and machine gun detachments likewise were well equipped. The companies from an officers' training school would have delighted any commander.

Unquestionably the red army has had many desertions and little enthusiasm to go to the front, but they do fight, and almost every day now they are gaining victories.

Control of East Area.

At the moment they control all of European Russia except a patch in the frozen north held by the allies, a small slice off the Baltic provinces, the extreme western edge of the Ukraine, and a thin edge next to the Black sea, but they hold most of the peninsula between the Black and Caspian seas. They have only recently opened up the rich Ukraine and Volga river country, and now are trying desperately to bring up the food supplies left there after the German looting.

To the east they control practically all the Urals, where they are held up by the Chinese, Mongolian, and Czechoslovak. From personal observation of the fighting spirit of the Russian White guards in north Russia, it must be said undoubtedly the Red guards are a vastly superior organization.

There is at least some real fighting going on in this revolutionary army, while in the White guards there are absolutely none. With thousands of the Red army soldiers, particularly those from the country, the revolutionary propa-

RECALLS FORT DEARBORN MASSACRE

The Walnut Boards, on Which the Bones Lay When Uncovered in Michigan Avenue, Were Shaped Like Coffin Tops



FIND BONES OF 2 MASSACRED AT FORT DEARBORN?

Historical Society to Be
Resting Place for
Remains.

The bones of two persons believed to have been victims of the Fort Dearborn massacre of 1813 found what may be their final resting place yesterday in the museum of the Chicago Historical society.

Excavators on the Michigan boardwalk project found the bones lying on two rudely finished walnut boards, six feet from the surface of the west front, and in consequence of the impossibility of replacing the great losses sustained in recent encounters, there is now, humanly speaking, no longer any possibility of our being able to impose peace on the enemy. Our opponents are constantly receiving reinforcements.

While the elements of our rear still hold together and may still offer some resistance to the renewed attacks of the enemy, our situation is becoming very precarious.

"In these circumstances, we must do what we can to save the German people and our allies from unnecessary sacrifices. Every day's loss in this respect costs thousands of lives.

On receipt of this letter, says the Wolf

Bureau, we have had to take steps at once to obtain an armistice.

By a process of elimination she came to the conclusion that the bones are those of persons killed in the 1813 massacre.

The generally understood version is that 1,000 persons were killed in the

massacre, but the new chancellor, for armistice negotiations and that he was backed by Hindenburg; a week later Ludendorff reversed himself (for what reason is not known) and demanded no peace or armistice proposals be made. But it was too late. Prince Max on behalf of the government had already begun them.

At the front, the bones exposed to a

site which would correspond, as near as records can show, to the place where they have just been found.

Mrs. John Kinzie's history of Chicago states the women in which the cells of the fort in 1813 of her family and of troops who rebuilt the destroyed fort, gives an account of the finding of the bleached skeletons of the massacre victims and of their burial near the fort.

The Fort Dearborn massacre occurred on Aug. 15, 1813, after the fort had been evacuated and its residents had started on a march to Detroit, the nearest post. "The Sauganash," a half-

SHOW HINDENBURG URGED MAX TO SEEK ARMISTICE

LONDON, March 31.—[British Wireless Service.]—In connection with the discussion which has been carried on in the German press as to whether Prince Max, the then imperial chancellor, took the initiative in demanding and in offering peace in October last, the Wolf Bureau publishes a letter from Field Marshall von Hindenburg, dated Oct. 30, which says:

"In consequence of the disaster on the Macedonian front, with its attendant want of supplies and resources of the west front, and in consequence of the impossibility of replacing the great losses sustained in recent encounters, there is now, humanly speaking, no longer any possibility of our being able to impose peace on the enemy. Our opponents are constantly receiving reinforcements.

"While the elements of our rear still hold together and may still offer some resistance to the renewed attacks of the enemy, our situation is becoming very precarious.

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LENINE ARMY TWICE BEATEN; LOSES RAILWAY

Estonian Troops Win
Two Towns After
Hard Battles.

"KNOW I'M HATED; I'M NOT AN IDIOT," CROWN PRINCE SAYS

COPENHAGEN, March 31.—The former crown prince, interviewed by a correspondent of the Berliner Zeitung, denied the possibility of his being tried in an international court, but declared he did not believe he would be executed. He stoutly maintained that he is not an idiot. He frankly admitted his unpopularity.

"People say I incited war, but Clemenceau has done so all his life," Friederich Wilhelm was quoted as saying. "I was of the opinion Germany ought to be prepared, but I did not desire to cause war.

"I do not ask people to consider me especially intelligent, but I am no idiot or degenerate, an English and American papers say I am."

"I know Germany is the most hated nation in the world. Why? Because the Reichstag never voted anything for propaganda, until too late. When the war began we commenced propaganda, but, alas, what propaganda!"

Dvina, in the Tulga district and at Kurkoman, yesterday afternoon. At midnight a large number of the enemy infantry attempted to attack Kurkoman, but were repelled by the allied artillery.

Numerous direct hits were reported during the allied shelling of the village of Bolshoi Ozeru yesterday. An enemy plane which flew over the allied positions along the railway dropped propaganda, but no bombs.

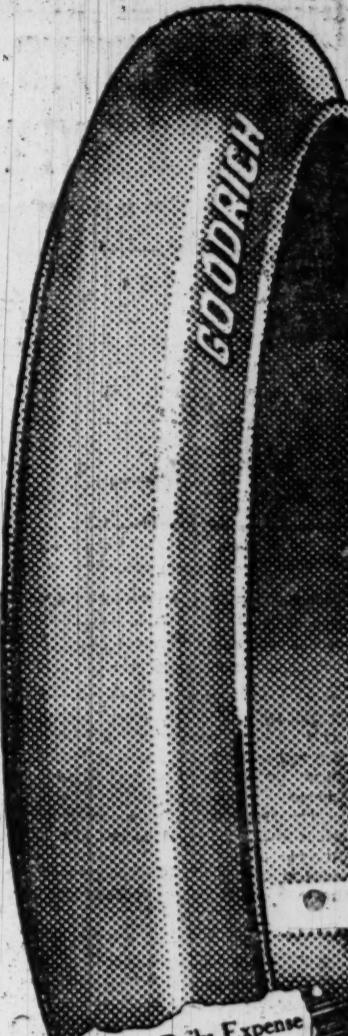
Tanks Won't Aid Japs.

LONDON, March 31.—[By United Press.]—American troops refused to cooperate with the Japanese in fighting the Bolsheviks, head of the Japanese War Ministry Teraoka declared in answering questions put in the Japanese house of representatives Wednesday, a Tokio dispatch reported today.

The American, he said, probably was due to a difference between the Americans and Japanese as to what constitutes bolshevism.

No American Troops.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 31.—Withdrawal of Canadian troops from Siberia announced in the Canadian house of commons today. Minister of Militia Newburn as imminent does not imply also the return of the American expedition, it was said tonight by war department officials.



Why Do You Put this Item In The List?

Are tires deserving of special itemizing—more so than springs, gears, bearings, other parts?

Do yours depreciate \$1 a day... really?

If so, then switch to GOODRICH DE LUXE Truck Tires!

For records of DE LUXE users show costs well under that mark.

Just one example.

Two years and three months ago S. Laskau, 1261 Third Ave.,

New York, bought a three-ton truck for heavy inter-city service. GOODRICH equipped all-round.

To date the truck has gone 23,000 miles. The tires are only half worn out. The name GOODRICH is still legible on every tire.

Here is proof positive of their unusual economy and service—proof of their dollar saving, not penny saving.

Try them.

The B. F. Goodrich Rubber Company

1925 S. Michigan Blvd.

CHICAGO BRANCH

Phone Calumet 6100

WE SCHUKRAFT & SONS, 541 Fulton

E. S. KELLEY COMPANY, 1929 N.

BOSTON SIDE CAR COMPANY, 29 E.

AL. FILL, 204 Seiber Street. Phone

MOTOR CARGATE, COMPANY, 8918

Baltimore Ave., Phone 56, Chap. 74.

GOODRICH
DE LUXE
TRUCK
TIRES

The utmost in style, fabric,
tailoring and bodily comfort

Kinca

IRELAND ENVOYS TO PARIS GIVEN 'U.S. GODSPEED'

Former Governor Dunne
One of Trio at Fare,
well Reception.

New York, March 31.—Three delegates, selected by the Irish race convention in Philadelphia last month to lay the Irish-American appeal before the peace conference, were guests of honor at a "godspeed" reception here tonight.

The delegates—Frank P. Walsh of New York, former John Schlauder of the national war labor board; Edward F. Dunne of Chicago, former governor of Illinois, and Michael Ryan of Philadelphia—are scheduled to sail tomorrow.

Mr. Walsh, in a brief address, characterized the mission as "the most unique and beautiful adventure it has ever been the privilege of men to undertake."

"No Compromise," Dunne Says.

Former Gov. Dunne declared the delegates will not be satisfied with a "compromise."

"We are going to insist, with the backing of 'hundreds of millions of people,' that Ireland be given the right to live 'under a republican form of government.'

Mr. Ryan, asserting he had never seen Ireland, declared "unless Ireland is given her freedom, there can be no Democracy."

real world peace and there can be no honest league of nations."

Cohalan's Speech.

Justice Daniel F. Cohalan of the New York Supreme court, who was compelled to retire before President Wilson would receive a delegation of Irish sympathizers, said the delegates would demand that Prof. Edward De Valera, head of the new "Irish republic," and other delegates from Ireland be given a hearing by the peace conference delegates.

"England," he declared, "may rule her own people and her colonies if they wish to be ruled, but she must take her hands off the people who do not wish to be ruled by her, if she hopes to survive."

This message was received from Arthur J. Connelly, of the Four Sons: "You are offering the best support for a tottering civilization—that of Ireland as a nation. Your offer must be accepted."

BAILEY ASSERTS
PRESIDENT NOW
IS A SOCIALIST

Washington, D. C., March 31.—[Special]—Explaining in a letter to a relative that his withdrawal from the Democratic party will take effect if the party continues "to abridge our liberties and increase our taxes," former Senator Bailey of Texas says that President Wilson is in reality a Socialist, for 95 per cent of the Senate voted in 1917 for him.

"I am fully persuaded," he said, "that within the next two years the Democratic party must either repudiate President Wilson or it must embrace practically all of the Socialist doctrines.

"He has already led our party—so far, at least, as he has already driven out the most—into a reluctant support of many Socialistic measures, and before his term expires he will have committed us, unless his power in that regard is challenged, irrevocably to Socialism under the name of 'progressive Democracy.'

Former Gov. Dunne declared the delegates would say he has already driven out the most—into a reluctant support of many Socialistic measures, and before his term expires he will have committed us, unless his power in that regard is challenged, irrevocably to Socialism under the name of "progressive Democracy."



PRIVATE L. W. BATES.

Private Lester Wilson Bates, a wounded war veteran, who had been told he could not recover, vanished from the home of E. F. Burge, with whom he had been Sunday. A note explained that he had decided to take his own life.

ESSEN WORKERS VOTE TO BEGIN GENERAL STRIKE

COPENHAGEN, March 31.—A conference of workers' delegates at Essen has adopted a resolution calling a general strike tomorrow.

A Stuttgart dispatch to the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger reports the outbreak of a general strike there.

Arrest Ernest Daumig.

BERLIN, March 31.—[Via Copenhagen.]—Ernest Daumig, president of the executive committee of the soldiers and workers' council of Greater Berlin, was arrested yesterday. He is suspected of having been a leader of the January disturbances with Georg Ledebour, who has been in jail for several weeks. Daumig is an independent Socialist.

Many Coal Miners Out.

COLOGNE, March 31.—[By the Associated Press]—Delayed.—Reports from Essen and neighboring towns show a serious increase in the number of strikers among the coal miners. Today 30,000 men are out, the result of which is that thirty shafts are closed down.

At Dortmund an anti-bolshevik meeting was taken possession by Spartacists, who demanded the overthrow of the government, the disarming of the bourgeoisie, the arming of the proletariat, and fresh elections to the soldiers and workmen's councils.

Judge Mack a Nominee
for Harvard Overseer

Cambridge, Mass., March 31.—[Special]—Judge Julian W. Mack of Chicago is the only westerner on the slate of nineteen alumni nominated for Harvard Board of Overseers. The ten reviewees, the ten best vote in the special ballot, which is to be conducted immediately, will be candidates for the five vacancies in June. Among the nominees are Owen Wister, the author, and Thomas W. Lamont.

Start today to buy
War Savings Stamps

An excellent investment
and a patriotic duty.

Out to-day New Victor Records for April

A new month's Victor entertainment! Here are popular songs with the swing and sentiment and touches of humor that make them *really* popular; and catchy dance music that stirs the feet to action.

Delightful new numbers, too, by famous and exclusive Victor artists. Braslaw sings a dreamy little plantation melody; Caruso thrills with a great march song of the French soldier; the Flonzaley Quartet plays an exquisite Mozart number. Alma Gluck and Efrem Zimbalist present a tender penitential hymn; Jascha Heifetz contributes a remarkable violin solo, and Schumann-Heink sings an impressive number inspired by army bugle calls.

Below you will find the complete list of these new Victor Records—and remember, any Victor dealer is willing to play any of them for you.

	Number	Size	Price
Croon, Croon, Underneath the Moon	64799	10	\$1.00
The Regiment of Sambre and Meuse	88600	12	3.00
Quartet in D Major—Andante (No. 2)	74579	12	1.50
In the Hour of Trial	87300	10	2.00
On Wings of Song	74583	12	1.50
Taps	87299	10	2.00
Festival Te Deum—Part 1	35674	12	1.35
Festival Te Deum—Part 2			
Jo-Da			
Alcoholic Blues	18522	10	.85
That Wonderful Mother of Mine	18524	10	.85
Salvation Lassie of Mine	18527	10	.85
I'll Say She Does—Fox Trot	All Star Trio	18528	.85
You're Some Pretty Doll—Fox Trot	All Star Trio	18531	.85
When Daisies Pied and Violets Blue	Laura Littlefield	18532	.85
(1) She Never Told Her Love (2) Orpheus With His Lute	Laura Littlefield	18533	.85
Some Day I'll Make You Glad	Sterling Trio	18539	.85
Singapore	Arthur Fields	18540	.85
Johnny's in Town	Billy Murray	18541	.85
My Barney Lies Over the Ocean	Charles Hart and Lewis James	18542	.85
Mammy's Lullaby—Waltz	Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	18543	.85
Sweet Hawaiian Moonlight—Waltz	Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	18544	.85
Mickey	Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	18545	.85
Kisses—Fox Trot	Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	18546	.85
Come on Papa—Medley One-Step	Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	18547	.85
(Dry Your) Tears—Medley Fox Trot	Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	18548	.85

Hear these new Victor Records to-day at any Victor dealer's. He will gladly give you an illustrated booklet describing these new records and play any music you wish to hear. Saenger Voice Culture Records are invaluable to vocal students—ask to hear them.

Victors and Victrolas in great variety from \$12 to \$950.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

Important Notice. Victor Records and Victor Machines are scientifically coordinated and synchronized in the processes of manufacture, and their use, one with the other, is absolutely essential to a perfect reproduction.

New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month.

Victrola

"Victrola" is the Registered Trademark of the Victor Talking Machine Company designating the products of this Company only.

"Never mind, It will wash out all right"

That's one thing about "Slipova" play-clothes. Mother knows they're fast color, and that the washtub holds no harm for them.

Turn the boys and girls out in "Slipova" economy clothes and let them play. They are slipped on and off in a minute. *Play-proof!* Notice the strong double seams, and the tightly sewed buttons.

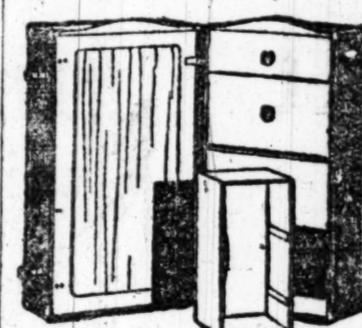
Economy Clothes for Children

McCawley & Company, Inc.
Sales Office, 253 Church Street, New York
Factories, Baltimore, Md.

To Dealers: Our garments are sold exclusively through the jobbing trade. Consult the nearest jobber.

Slipova Play Clothes

On sale by all prominent jobbers in your section



Wardrobe Trunks

\$45 Values
\$36.75

Made of black vulcanized fibre—hand riveted, cretonne lined. Shoe pockets and laundry bag. Raised top or dust-proof, like illustration.

Regular \$11 Genuine Cowhide Bags

Leather lined, drop catch, three pockets, 18 inch size; while they last.

(5th Floor)
THE 5TH FLOOR
Henry C. Lytton & Sons
State and Jackson—N. E. Corner

THE POLLS CLOSE
AT 4 P. M.

THE MOST ACCURATE
AND RELIABLE
REPORTS

WILL BE IN THE

CHICAGO AMERICAN

"FIRST WITH THE LATEST"

DEMAND
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Tokio

BY ARTHUR

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DEMANDS FACTS ON MEXICO DEAL WITH JAPANESE

America May Protest to
Tokio Against Land
Purchase.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.
Washington, D. C., March 31.—(Spe-
cial)—Officially by Mexico of
extensive land concessions to Japanese
corporations in Lower California may
raise the question of Japan's intentions
in this hemisphere even more pointedly
than did the Magdalena bay affair in
1912 which led to the adoption of the
Lodge resolution.

The state department today initia-
ted an investigation of the reported
concessions to Japanese corporations
in the city and of the California-Mexico
Land company of Los Angeles, the cor-
poration which had possession of the
tract in question until the Mexican
government confiscated the lands in
1912.

Want All Facts Now.

Inasmuch as the admission of im-
portant concessions to Japanese cor-
porations was made by a prominent
official of the Carranza government,
there appears to be little room for
doubt that the deal had been made. The
state department wants to know the
situation of the tract and the identity
of the Japanese interests acquiring pos-
session.

When the identity of the Japanese
corporations is established inquiry will
be directed to the relationship between
these interests and the Japanese govern-
ment. If there should appear to be
a close relationship and if the tracts of
land in Mexico should be found to be
situated as to lend themselves to the
establishment of naval or military
bases the concessions would be in con-
travention of the Lodge resolution.

In the event there would arise a
serious diplomatic question, involving
not only Japan but Mexico with the
United States.

Want to Take Peninsula.

"I am convinced that the Japanese
are not interested in the peninsula of
Lower California," Senator Ashurst of
Arizona said. "We shall never be rid
of that menace until we acquire the
peninsula. I am more than ever of
the opinion that my resolution for the
purchase of Lower California should be
adopted, and shall propose it next
congress. Whatever the price, it would
be a cheap investment in the end. Mex-
ico needs money and will sell. If Mex-
ico should refuse to sell and should per-
sist in allowing the Japanese to estab-
lish themselves there the United States
should take the peninsula by force. It
is purely a question of national de-
fense."

Denies Any Wrongdoing.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 31.—The
owners of the California-Mexico Land
and Cattle company's property in Lower
California still adhere to a declara-
tion made to the state department in
1917 that they will not "under any
circumstances, make any lease of any
kind to Japanese when colonization
is to be allowed, until we have authenti-
cally informed that such arrangements
will be entirely agreeable to the
government of our own country."

This was announced here today by
GAS OFFICIALS PROMISES "REFORM."—The
Western Gas and Electric Company, a public
utilities company promised the state public
utilities commission yesterday to immediate-
ly correct matters complained of by gas
consumers in the vicinity of Sycamore, Ill.

ENGAGED

John V. Farwell and Mrs. Dun-
lap Smith Will Wed Soon.
Letters to Friends Announce.



JOHN V. FARWELL SOON TO MARRY CHICAGO WOMAN

Mrs. Dunlap Smith Will
Be Bride, Letters to
Friends Announce.

only daughter is Mrs. William Dow
Harvey, wife of Maj. Harvey, who is
now overseas. Herman D., her young-
est son, is a student at Harvard. Elliott
D., who married Marie Frances
in Washington, D. C., Lawrence D.,
whose wife is Anita Lawrence D.,
lives at 2616 Hampden court, Chicago; and
Perry D., whose wife was Marian S.
Baldwin, is a major in the army.

Mrs. Smith's father, James M.
Flower, now dead, will be recalled as
one of Chicago's leading lawyers in
the '80s and '90s. His son, mother,
Lore D., however, now in California, was
for many years one of this city's fore-
most women—a member of the board
of education and an active force in
reform work, serving on commissions of
inquiry into such institutions as
Dunning and the county hospital.

Will Reside in Chicago.

Mrs. Smith was a member of the
women's executive committee of the
State Council of Defense and has been
a prominent member in club and church
work. Her husband, the real estate man,
died a number of years ago.

According to the information con-
tained in the letters to Chicago friends,
the couple will return to Chicago the
latter part of this month and occupy
the Farwell home in Lake Forest.

John V. Farwell of Lake Forest and
Mrs. Dunlap Smith of 2636 Lake View
avenue will be married next Thursday
morning at Coronado Beach, Cal. The
news reached Chicago yesterday in let-
ters written to Chicago friends from
California, where Mr. Farwell and his
bride-to-be are visiting her mother, Mrs.
James M. Flower.

Mr. Farwell, president of the John
V. Farwell company, is known nation-
ally for his Y. M. C. A. work. He is
a trustee of Yale university and a mem-
ber of the industrial and other prom-
inent Chicago clubs. He has been iden-
tified with the business activities of
the city for years.

Daughter with Red Cross.

His daughter, Miss Katherine Far-
well, is at present in New York round-
ing out a strenuous term of Red Cross
work. His son, J. V. Farwell II., was
graduated from Yale recently.

Mrs. Smith has five children. Her

Your Speech to the Wool Club

Suppose you are asked to make an address to the
Tide-Water Association or to the Annual Banquet of
the Lapidary Employers' Board.

It is a matter of great moment; you write and
rewrite your remarks and rehearse all the details. It
may even entail a new dress coat and the finishing
touches of a professional coach.

And yet at most, you will actually talk to no more
than two thousand people directly and perhaps three
times that number through reprints in the trade press.

Are you equally careful of your speech to millions in
the advertising columns?

Do you employ the best brains without stint to
prepare your messages?

These messages of yours do not go to hundreds at
a banquet-table; they go to millions in the homes, and
when your chance comes to speak to a whole nation, if
it be only for two minutes, you ought to have the
best speech-maker in the nation as your mentor.

When you advertise nationally, employ experts to
prepare your speech—your message—your adver-
tisement.

Publishers are in a position to appreciate the best
work of the leading agencies.

Butterick—Publisher

The Delineator
Everybody's Magazine
Two dollars a year, each

ROTHSCHILDS CHALLENGE SALE OF 1919

Just Taste It!

Our New Quality Bakery, electric-
ally operated, and flooded with sun-
light, offers as an introductory attraction
Fresh Baked Bread, 8c

PEARS' SOAP

10c

Pears' Unscented
Soap, the kind you
know so well, today
on the main floor
(no delivered),
10c, (doz., \$1.20; (1 doz.
limit), or, cake,

Double Stamps Today

J. & P. Coats' Thread

J. & P. Coats' or Clark's O. N. T. Best Six Cord
Spool Cotton, black or white, all numbers; all day;
no phone or mail orders, limit 3 spools to each
customer, at

3 Spools 8c
Main Floor.

Glycerin and Rose Water
6 oz. bottle (Main Floor),
13c

NONE DELIVERED.
ONE TO A CUSTOMER.

1500 Women's Easter Suits Featured at \$24.75, \$29.75 & \$35

Please don't misjudge these Suits just because the prices are low. Snap judgment without personal inspection on your part may lose for you an exceptional bargain. Every suit has a well-bred individuality of style, is of excellent materials and carefully tailored. They are fashioned of serges, velour checks, pique twill and pin stripe suiting. In all the approved styles, vestes effects, tailored, semi-tailored, belted and box-coated. The importance of early choosing cannot be too strongly emphasized.



Distinctive New Spring Styles in Women's Coats, \$16.75
Capes, Dolmans, today, \$25.00, \$19.75 and \$19.75

A Special Offering of Women's New Silk Dresses today at \$29.75, \$25.00 and \$19.75

Capes are cut full, some belted, others on loose, straight lines. Children's Silk Capes, trimmings with belt and bows. Children's Silk Capes, trimmings with belt and bows. Children's Hats, fancy and plain straw, velvet or ribbon trimmed.

There's almost no limit to the beautiful styles. Satins, Combina-
tions, Jersey, Taffeta, Georgette, Crepe de Chine, and elegant Serges. This specially priced group includes many new and attractive dresses suitable for street and afternoon wear. Models that you usually expect to pay from \$5 to \$10 more for, today at \$19.75.

Fourth Floor.

The Wilfit Expansion House or Porch Dresses \$16.75

Third Floor.

Jap Quilts and Bunting \$3.95

Children's Silk Quilts, trimmings with belt and bows. Children's Silk Quilts, trimmings with belt and bows. Children's Hats, fancy and plain straw, velvet or ribbon trimmed.

Women's \$1 Thread Silk Hosiery, at 75c

Women's \$1 Thread Silk Hosiery, fashioned, fast black, fine gauge high silk boot, cotton garter top, cotton sole, high spiced heel, at

75c

Challenge Sale of Ready-to-Wear Hats \$3.95

A large collection of these Banded Sailors placed on sale today include the popular Pineapple rough straw, solid, also combinations of piping or Lisere and rough straws, solid Lisere, Milan and numerous other styles. All carefully sewed and blocked in the newest shapes, trimmed with fine quality gros grain ribbon band and bows. Colors in black, brown, navy, sand, rose and other light colors. Specially priced today at

Fourth Floor.

Untrimmed Hats at Only 95c

Lisere hats, Milan hats, reversed sewed braid hats in a variety of shapes and colors, only

95c

SPLENDID VALUES in Desirable Silk Fabrics for Challenge Sale

\$3.50 and \$4.00 Printed Satins and Foulards, in wondrous collection of styles and colors, including plenty of navy and white.

\$2.65

33 inch Hand Loom Pon-
ges, in natural color, yd., 68c and \$2.25

36 inch Satins, finest quality, in navy, tan, beige, white; regular \$3.50 qual-
ity, today, yard, \$2.25

36 inch Silk Poplin, good
quality, in navy, tan, beige, white; regular \$3.50 qual-
ity, today, yard, \$1.15

36 inch Satins, superior
quality, in all the de-
sirable shades, yd., \$1.95

Second Floor.

Wash Satins, in white, flesh and pink, 36 and 40 in.
wide, yard, \$1.65, \$2.25

36 inch Satins, in white, flesh and pink, 36 and 40 in.
wide, yard, \$1.65, \$2.25

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The Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 19, 1867

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 1, 1898, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL. UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters and pictures sent to "The Tribune" are sent at the owner's risk, and the Tribune company expressly reserves any liability or responsibility for their safe custody or return.

TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1913.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."

—Stephen Decatur.

THE TRIBUNE'S PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO

1—South shore—south park plan.
2—Modernize Chicago water department.
3—Extend the Chicago plan—completion of the Twelfth street project and Michigan avenue highway—development of Ogden avenue extension, etc.
4—Complete railroad terminals under way and develop other new terminals.
5—Build boulevards along the drainage canals and connect them with the park system.
6—Lessen the Smoke Horror.

RUSSIA NO HOME FOR HEROES.

Mr. Frazee Hunt's reports from Petrograd are giving TRIBUNE readers the view of actual conditions in Bolshevik Russia for which we have been waiting. The press reports upon which we have had to rely for some time have been disconnected and unexplained. Many of them have seemed based upon wild rumors or have been open to the suspicion of partisan bias. Mr. Hunt writes from the ground, without bias. His picture is comprehensive and consistent.

It is a picture to stir thought in any one able or willing to think. We do not believe any even of our radicals would care to bring about similar conditions in this country even for the sake of establishing a "dictatorship of the proletariat." After all, under any form of government we all need food, clothing, shelter, warmth, and a reasonable security of life.

British statesmen are British statesmen. Their office is to work for Great Britain and the British empire. They do work for it. They plan and think for it. They work for it as a moral force, to remain a force. They hope it will remain moral. They know it must remain a force.

The covenant of the league of nations, as Senator McCormick disclosed, is specifically devised to give the best assurance possible for the continuation of the British empire. It will retain sea power. It will allow France, its continental ally, the greatest land power. It will have control of the league. It will have allies.

We can live with the British empire, but what do we get out of the league of nations, what do we get for American security, what guarantees do we receive in the covenant for American prospects?

None at all have been written in as yet.

A REQUEST FROM PERSHING.

Gen. Pershing has cabled a request for more reading matter for our soldiers abroad. Since the armistice was signed we seem to have forgot that our men are just as anxious as ever for books and magazines and other gifts from home. It is probable that the desire to read is keener than ever now that the effort and excitement incident to the war are withdrawn, and it is not a very cheerful business patrolling an occupied country when you want to go home. Why not pick out three or four of your most recent magazines, put a cent stamp on each of them, and hand them to the postman today? The postoffice department will see that they are delivered to the soldiers.

CITIZEN SOLDIERS ALL.

American fighting men are generally preserving the best traditions of the republic in the transition from war to peace. The change is not easy, in many instances, for there are difficulties to overcome in peace as in war. He is a great citizen who hides his rancor and takes pot luck with a smile.

From a speech at Columbus barracks, quoted in the American Army Gazette, we take the following as indicating the spirit of the shift from war to peace:

"You have gathered here today, in the presence

of your comrades, to pay your last formal tribute to the flag before your final separation from the service.

"This is the flag for which you have sacrificed so much. This is the flag which has been glorified and sanctified by your sacrifices and the blood of your fallen comrades. Over there! Behold your flag: the apothecary of a just and glorious victory."

"As you return to civil life, remember the ideals of liberty, of good government, of law and order, for all of which this flag stands and ever will stand, and to all of which it has been dedicated by you.

"At all times pay it the honor and reverence which you, as soldiers, pay it now."

"Parade—Rest!"

"We believe the American soldiers will not fail to carry highest in their minds the ideals of good government, liberty, and law and order. It is the sum of the qualities of the civilian soldier.

Editorial of the Day

WHY ALL THIS EIGHT HOUR FUSS?

(Manufacturers' News.)

Why is THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE interested in passing an eight hour law for Miss Agnes Nestor and Miss Elizabeth Maloney, Chicago labor agitators, and a few pill doctors who have not the courage nor the honesty to apply an eight hour law to the nurses in their own hospitals? Has THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE ever made an investigation? Does THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE know that the report which was submitted to the governor was made by prejudiced people and by union labor enthusiasts and was not based on an honest investigation? Does THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE want to be fair? Can THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE point to a single, solitary factory in Illinois where women are abused or where the work causes ill health?

It seems to us that if an eight hour law is to be enacted in Illinois it should apply to mothers and to domestic help and to all classes of women. Did anyone ever hear of a mother going on an eight hour basis? Do the women on the farms confine their efforts to eight hours a day? Do the women of affluence and idleness have as good health as the women who work in factories?

If production can be increased on an eight hour basis, as THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE says, why was not eight hours a day maintained during the war? Industry went on an eight hour basis—that is, the employees were paid for eight hours, then time and a half for overtime, and worked as long as the situation demanded, regardless of the number of hours. A fake excuse was advanced that such a law should be enacted in Illinois as a health measure. Did the commission, headed by the famous pill doctor, inquire into the health of a single, solitary woman in Illinois? Did Dr. Herrick give any personal attention to the work of this commission? We respectfully suggest to THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE that it let this matter alone.

THE PRIME REQUISITE.

A true statesman these days must be free from any fear of scoldiness.—Washington Star.

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO.

"Fay ce que voudras."

A SCAFFOLD higher than Haman's is going up on the north portico of the White House, and it has been surmised that preparations are making for the hanging of certain men with "pyramy minds." But Mr. Tumulty (our informant is a well known "high authority" who, for obvious reasons, cannot be quoted) explains that the preparations concern the annual whitewashing of the White House.

If those who vote are not satisfied they alone will enjoy the right to complain. Those who do not vote will not be heard. There is one chief duty today—it is to vote.

We have tried carefully to present the qualifications of the candidates. We believe Thompson isodium upon Chicago. We believe that the taint of gas, inscribed or not, is Szwitzer's bar sinister. We believe, as between the odium of Thompson and the suspicion of gas, that Macay Hoyne is the most acceptable compromise. At least he is independent of all the things we are trying to avoid.

It is not good citizenship to refuse to vote because none of the candidates seems acceptable. The big duty is to vote.

THE BRITISH LEAGUE. The British might say: "We do not care who wins the war if we may win the peace." The covenant of the league of nations is the most astute document which British statesmen ever drew for the preservation of the British empire.

One of the most convincing analyses of it, as such, was presented in the third article on the subject by Senator McCormick, published yesterday in THE TRIBUNE.

There is no moral objection to the British direction of world forces for British interests. British statesmen are British statesmen. Their office is to work for Great Britain and the British empire. They do work for it. They plan and think for it. They work for it as a moral force, to remain a force. They hope it will remain moral. They know it must remain a force.

The covenant of the league of nations, as Senator McCormick disclosed, is specifically devised to give the best assurance possible for the continuation of the British empire. It will retain sea power. It will allow France, its continental ally, the greatest land power. It will have control of the league. It will have allies.

We can live with the British empire, but what do we get out of the league of nations, what do we get for American security, what guarantees do we receive in the covenant for American prospects?

None at all have been written in as yet.

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ANSWER TO ONION SETS TO THE PERSON LOCATING HIS WEAK POINT.

[From the Fairbury, Ill., Local Record.]

O. R. Bally, candidate for alderman, is a young man, has clear cut ideas of the city he wants to live in, and has a definite idea that the city should move forward in all civic matters, favors certain improvements within the limit of the city's finances, has had a wide experience in business, and learned by observation the things that go on in the city on a map. He is a young man of high moral character, which adds much to his strength as a candidate.

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[From the Paris edition of the New York Herald.]

Constantinople, Monday.—This arrived here yesterday at 2:11 A.M.—a reef warning to us that the city is crowded, there are divided a local paper, says, by sex and formed into three groups.

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BOY SAYS KILLING OF ENGINEER WAS DUE TO BAD AIM

Fired at Engine Cab in Fun, He Asserts as Chum Accuses.

John Taylor, 15 years old, admitted to Assistant State's Attorney Robert E. Hogan yesterday that he fired the bullet which last April mortally wounded Frank J. Horan, an engineer of the Chicago, Milwaukee, and St. Paul railroad. He denied that he fired in revenge. He said he was playing with his handgun and did not know the bullet struck Horan. To Fred Hess, a playmate, Taylor is alleged to have confessed that he shot Horan in revenge for having chased him from the railroad yard.

"I shot a 22 caliber rifle, and a boy by the name of Powers and I were in my backyard shooting at things," he said. "First I shot a bird, then I fired at a tree and finally took a shot at the cab of the freight engine just to see if I could hit it, never intending to hit any one."

Only a Few Knew.

"Suddenly the train stopped and I figured I hit somebody and I was afraid to go to the train station, so I went to my mother or stepmother and only a few of the kids knew about the shooting. I never told Freddie Hess. I was going to shoot Mr. Horan, because he chased me from the yards. I never thought of shooting him."

Mrs. Ethel Kantz, the boy's mother,

CONVENTION FOR HELPING LABOR IS COMPLETED

200 MILLION U. S. SHORT BONDS ON SALE TOMORROW

First Issue of Finance Corporation to Go to Aid Railroads.

London, March 31.—(British Wireless Service)—The completed draft of the convention creating a permanent organization for the promotion of labor international and regulation of labor conditions of forty-one countries. The first chapter deals with the general outlines of the organization, which will consist of a general conference of representatives and an international labor office.

Meetings of the general conference will be held at least once yearly. The conference will include representatives of the employed and workers. Each delegate may be accompanied by two advisers, and when women's rights are involved at least one of the advisers should be a woman.

The conference will meet at the seat of the league of nations, where the international labor office will be established as part of the league organization. The governing body of twenty-four members will control the labor office and will be composed of twelve government representatives and six members elected by the delegates to the conference representing the employers, and six elected by the delegates representing the working people.

Final details were agreed upon today in conference between Attorney General Palmer and counsel for the corporation, and formal announcement of the issue was made tonight.

Will Be Used for Railroads.

Receipts from the issue will be used by the corporation to provide funds for railroads and to meet other demands. Under the law the corporation may issue up to \$2,100,000,000 of bonds, on the basis of its paid-in capital stock. While no bonds have been issued heretofore, advances already made and others in prospect to railroads bring the corporation within sight of possible exhaustion of the half billion dollars authorized as original capital.

The bonds are expected to be pur-

told Mr. Hogan that if the boy was guilty she wanted him punished.

"But if he is innocent, my husband and I will do all we can for him," said the mother.

Powers Boy Sought.

An officer of the Juvenile court was sent to Elmwood Park to get the Powers boy.

The Taylor boy is being held in the Juvenile detention home and will be questioned again Wednesday. Horan died a short time after being shot.

Washington, D. C., March 31.—War finance corporation bonds, totaling \$200,000,000, will be placed on sale Wednesday through federal reserve banks and subagent banks.

The bonds, which will be the first to be issued under the war finance corporation act, will be issued in denominations of \$1,000, will mature in one year with interest at 5 per cent, payable semi-annually, and will be practically free from taxes.

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CHASED largely by banks and big business concerns, because of the interest rate and the short term feature. This war finance corporation officials believe, will minimize the interference of the issue with the popular Victory Liberty loan campaign.

Character of Tax Exemption.

"The bonds will be exempt from state taxation and all local taxation and will be exempt from taxation by the United States with the exception that they will be subject to estate or inheritance taxes and to surtaxes and excess profits taxes now or hereafter imposed by the United States upon the income or profits of individuals or corporations. But another important tax exemption relating to these bonds is this: That the interest on \$5,000 of these bonds owned by any person will be entirely exempt from all income taxes, surtaxes, excess profits, or war profits taxes."

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U.S. PLANS DUAL DRIVE TO GUARD BONDHOLDERS

Postoffice and Department of Justice to Fight Stock Fakers.

A nation-wide crusade, centering in Chicago, against fake stock promoters, particularly those who are swindling Liberty bond and War Savings Stamp buyers, with the postoffice and department of justice to fight stock fakers.

United States Attorney Charles F. Clyde yesterday returned from Washington, where he went for a conference with Solicitor General Lamar of the postoffice department and Attorney General Palmer. Plans for great drive against financial fakers, it is understood, will be made at the meeting. It is reported that the secretary of the treasury will make recommendations that criminal legislation to protect buyers of war securities be enacted.

Would Limit Use of Mails.

Under the plans being formulated by the joint federal authorities use of the mails would be denied to all dealers in worthless securities and prosecutions would be instituted. Where the mails are not used and federal prosecution is impossible, it is proposed to bring the matter to the state and county authorities' notice.

Secretary of State L. L. Emmerson took summary action against the Buck Run Oil and Refining company, 110 South Dearborn street, when he canceled its "blue sky" license to sell stock in Illinois. The company, which had been given authority to sell 25,000

A CHICKEN FIGHT

Husband Squawks as Wife Uses His Silk Shirts to Bind Fighting Roosters.

WEN Edward Mador, who described himself as a lover of "game chickens," came home one day and discovered that his wife had hidden his fighting bantams, he went "on the warpath," he told Judge Sheridan Fry in the Court of Domestic Relations yesterday.

"And where do you find my game chickens, judge?" he asked. "After hunting for them for two days on the third day I found them in the bathtub of a woman friend of hers and their legs were tied with three of my best silk shirts, given them to her or anything to eat for three days and they were almost dead."

"You don't mean to tell me that you like to see game chickens in pit fights?" questioned Judge Fry.

"Yes, I do," said Mador. "I get a good deal of enjoyment out of seeing my game chickens in pit fights."

Mrs. Mador testified her husband beat her. He also had her bank account transferred to his name, she said.

The court ordered Mador to have the \$250 account remained of the bank account in court at the afternoon session. Mador returned to court with a roll of bills, which Judge Fry turned over to Mrs. Mador. Mador blamed William Schaefer, stepson of Mrs. Mador, for all his domestic woes.

Used Expert Advice.

"We are obtaining all of the expert advice we can," he said. "The measures. At Springfield tomorrow there will be a conference of Attorney General Brundage, Secretary of State Emerson, and Mr. Pruitt, at which tentative provisions of the new bill will be considered.

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of the cleanup of promoters, will leave for Springfield today to begin the preparation of the new "blue sky" act which the state legislature is to be asked to pass as soon as possible. At Springfield tomorrow there will be a conference of Attorney General Brundage, Secretary of State Emerson, and Mr. Pruitt, at which tentative provisions of the new bill will be considered.

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13 CAUGHT IN WRECKED MINE; 11 BODIES FOUND

Trinidad, Colo., March 31.—At 9 o'clock tonight six bodies had been brought to the surface and the bodies of five other dead had been located in the Empire mine of the Empire Coal company, near Aguilera, where an explosion occurred early today.

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WEALTHY WIDOW AND "BARONESS" IN VANISHING ACT

Local Theater, \$8,000
Gems and \$2,500 Cash

Figure in Story.

CHICAGO CASUALTIES

LATE LIST:
KILLED IN ACTION.
PRIVATE.
Died of Disease.
Sergeant.
Early List.
Died of Disease.
Cook.
Bent, Frank F., 10620 Avenue Q, South Chicago.
WOUNDED SEVERELY.
Corporal.
Prochlike, Nease, 1719 W. Forty-fourth.
REVISED LIST.
KILLED IN ACTION.
(Previously reported as killed, degree undetermined.)
Sergeant.
Louis, Antonio, 518 Lincoln-av., Blue Island.

GALE IMPERILS NAVAL COLLIER WITH 104 YANKS

Washington, D. C., March 31.—The naval collier *Culgoa*, returning from France with 104 army casualties as passengers, reported to the navy department by wireless today that it was hove-to, with its circulating pump disabled, about 600 miles off the coast of New York in a heavy gale. It did not ask for assistance and said it could proceed at six knots an hour when the gale moderated.

The *Culgoa* has aboard casual companies consisting of troops from Arkansas, Texas, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and scattered origin.

Steamer in Distress.

New York, March 31.—In the gale south of Cape Hatteras last week the United States shipping board's wooden freight steamer *Alapaha*, 2,500 tons gross, sprang a leak and was in distress for many hours, officers on the *United Fruit* company's steamship *Santa Maria* reported on arrival here today. The *Alapaha*, having stood by the wooden vessel all night, then proceeded on its voyage after receiving a wireless message from the United States coast guard cutter *Yankee* saying the latter was on its way to the *Alapaha's* aid.

Either a slippery press agent is slipping one over or the detective bureau is confronted with a real mystery this week. Here's the way of it: Mrs. May Chadwick, wealthy, young widow, whose widow stopped in Chicago March 19 on her way from New York to Los Angeles—stopped originally just between trains. At dinner she met a friend, "the baroness." At dinner she told a friend, "the baroness," decided to stay here with her for a few days, and sent her young nephew, Burnett Shaw, 18, to the auditorium, promising to keep in touch with him by telephone. Shaw, son of a wealthy New York woman, was accompanying his aunt on the trip west.

Mrs. Chadwick sent his trunk to him that night and telephoned the next day. That was the last word of her. She obtained her hand luggage at the depot check room, but allowed her four trunks, on which \$31 excess baggage had been paid, to go to their destination. According to Shaw he was wearing diamonds worth \$8,000 at the time, and had about \$2,500 in cash with her.

Reports to Police.

Her new jeweler, according to the story, told to his mother when Mrs. Chadwick failed to get in touch with him and was advised to wait a few more days and then report the disappearance to the police. Friday he told his story at the detective bureau. Detective Frank H. Otten, who was assigned to the case and after hearing Shaw's description of the "baroness" took him to a downtown theater, induced the manager to dig up a photograph, and showed it to the boy.

Now here is where the press agent comes in—if he does come in. "That's her—or I think it is!" exclaims Shaw. "It looks a lot like her."

The photograph was a likeness of Harriet Lorraine, onetime showgirl, the heroine of the only real, honest-to-goodness, non-press agented story of the loss of an actress' jewels. She is known as "Baroness Wardener-Holthup," wife of an Austrian nobleman. In February, 1917, unidentified as an actress, she lost about \$25,000 worth of jewels. After a fevered search they were found in Cincinnati in the possession of another chorus girl, who had found them in a beauty parlor.

May Be in Chicago.

To return to our story: A little work on Otten's part revealed that Hattie Lorraine has been living in New York, hasn't been in Chicago since a party which ended in an automobile smashup last June, but that she left, supposedly for Chicago, a few days before Mrs. Chadwick and young Shaw did.

Shaw aided in the search until Sunday, when he left for New York, after



Constipated Children Gladly Take

California Syrup of Figs

For the Liver and Bowels

Tell your druggist you want genuine "California Syrup of Figs." Full directions and dose for babies and children of all ages who are constipated, bilious, feverish, tongue-coated, or full of cold, are plainly printed on the bottle. Look for the name "California" and accept no other "Fig Syrup."

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal. Wheeling, W. Va.



"John, I Could Never Go Back to the Old Way of Figuring!"

"Our Dalton has saved us many, many times its cost by helping us know our business. Remember how we used to stay down nights, going over sales and stock, checking bills and doing a lot of detail figuring worth about 5¢ an hour of any man's time.

"Now, we can have a total of sales by the time the door is closed. We can figure interest and check an invoice because this machine multiplies as easily as it adds. Now, with Income Taxes and Excess Profits to figure, our Dalton is a real investment."

Have a Demonstration

The Dalton is the simplest, fastest adding-multiplying machine for retailer, wholesaler, or one-man office. Only 10-keys—one for each numeral. Any one can use it immediately. No special operator required. Multiplies as easily as it adds. Adds, subtracts, multiplies and divides.

The Dalton is used by 60,000 firms. U. S. Government has over 4,000; U. S. Steel Corporation 300; American Radiator Co. 75. A proven reliable product. We'll gladly bring a Dalton to your office upon request. No obligation on your part at all.

Phone Harrison 9933
W. I. CURRIE, Chicago Sales Agent,
701-3 Peoples Building



Dalton ADDING AND CALCULATING MACHINE

Main Office and Factory
Cincinnati, Ohio

THE SIMPLE DALTON KEYBOARD

Ever sink your teeth

in one of those

Touraine Chocolate Almond Bars

Boy Howdy!!

The very recollection of that combination of crispy French chocolate and fresh toasted almonds is enough to make your mouth water.

A friend of mine says, "The trouble with the ordinary chocolate almond bar is that it keeps you waiting too long between almonds."

Touraine is different.

It is chock-full of almonds.

The chocolate is made the French way.

It is put up in a Yellow Package.

When you stop at the newsstand or the candy counter you see all those other makes of almond bars—all alike—all in "chocolate-colored" packages.

Do you know what grade of chocolate and how many almonds you are going to get if you buy one of those packages?

I've been in the chocolate business all my life. My friends kept telling me, "Duane, make almond bars, they're selling by the million."

All I said was "Wait."

My idea was this: if ever I make an almond bar I'll make it different.

Now the finest way to make a thing different is to make a thing better.

I won't make just another almond bar to sell.

I'll make it to eat and then I know it will sell.

So I went over to France to find out for myself the real French way of making that rich, crispy chocolate—the kind that doesn't make you thirsty—I found out all right.

But the hardest job I ever tackled, (it took over two years to turn the trick) was to perfect my automatic chocolate mixer, thermo, moulder and cooler, all-in-one.

That automatic machine is almost worth its weight in gold to you and to me.

With it, it costs me less money to put 50% more of the best grade of almonds in my Touraine Bars than it does the fellow who S-L-O-W-L-Y counts out every almond.

Touraine Almond Bars are the only ones made the real French way; they're the only ones chock-full of almonds; and they don't cost you one cent more.

The process belongs to me.

Today, I'm making 1,000,000 Touraine Bars every day, doesn't that speak for itself?

They are in Yellow Packages, not "chocolate-colored" ones.

Eat a Touraine sometime and you will be glad to remember

HARRY B. DUANE,
President,
The Touraine Company.

(To be Continued)

P.S.—The next installment will tell how I sent around the world to find an almond: how I made almond bars to eat; ate them myself; tried them on my friends, till I found just the right combination—French chocolate, chock-full of almonds.



MADE THE REAL french WAY
Touraine
CHOCK-FULL OF ALMONDS

The Touraine-Boex Company, Wholesale Distributors, 603 South Dearborn Street, Telephone Wabash 539

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son 1717

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and Evening Classes
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Mr. West's Normal Course
Athletics, games, folk and
College of Physical Edu-
Grand Boulevard, Chicago

GIRL FLEES WITH FIRST LOVE ON EVE OF WEDDING

Youthful Romance Turns Tables on Parents' Arrangement.

UPSETTING

Elopement with First Love as Parents Arrange Another Marriage.



The wedding invitations are all ready, the trousseau is completed; the wonderful bungalow in the east is built and furnished—but the bride that was to be has eloped with another man. Mrs. Joseph B. Allan, 320 Erie Avenue, Oak Park, and a member of clubs in Chicago and Oak Park, is quite distressed, for it was her daughter, Ruth Rawson Allan, who left the invitations, and the bridal gowns, and the bungalow, and fitted away with the man she loves.

Ruth Allan is Mrs. Harold Sampson, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Sampson, 445 Rogers Avenue, Oak Park, a little over two years ago, and walking under the leafing trees one golden day in spring she promised to be his wife.

Mother Blocks Romance.

But their hearts were broken, and they paraphrased the poet, saying: "The curse of true love is, it never does run smooth." Ruth's mother made objections. They were too young. Ruth was only 18, and Harold was but a few months older. It could not be.

So the girl was sent to a boarding school at Newton, Mass., and Harold went into the army aviation corps.

And now into our story there steps Mr. Edward Milton Woodward of Worcester, Mass., who is a wealthy and important man, and who is ten years older than Ruth and Harold.

Mrs. Allan approved of this match, and so did Woodward's family. Everybody was agreed, it seems, that it would be a splendid match—everybody, that is, save Ruth and Harold and Harold's widowed mother.

Engagement Announced.

Last January Mrs. Allan announced the engagement and said the wedding would take place in April. The preparations started in January. Ruth was engaged in. And there came a letter or two from a private in the aviation corps "way down in San Antonio, Tex."

Miss Allan made no attempt to stop the buying of the wedding finery, or the planning of the bungalow, or anything.

"I'm not worrying a bit," she said. "But I will never marry Mr. Woodward. Never, never, never, and you know that 'never' is a long, long time."

First Love Returns.

Harold Sampson got back to Chicago the other day with his honorable discharge. That was all he had, that, and his uniform. He didn't even have a job much less a bungalow.

But they did have some differences. He and the girl went down to the county building Saturday and got a marriage license. Then they visited the Rev. F. F. Fitch of the Third Congregational church, Oak Park, and were married. Mrs. Sampson was there. Among those not present was Ruth's mother.

"They've come to Wisconsin on a honeymoon," said Mrs. Allan last night. "Ruth wrote me a letter from some place in that state saying she was very happy."

"It wouldn't have happened but for outside influence, I am sure. Young people they knew got them together when Harold came home, and the old love came back to her. I had hoped it

RECEIVER TURNS DOWN \$1,500,000 CLAIM OF O'GARA

Operator Loses Fight to Share War Profits of Firm He Founded.

Thomas J. O'Gara, former "coal plunger," will not get the \$1,500,000 he claims the O'Gara Coal company owes him, according to a rule by Referee in Bankruptcy Sidney C. Eastman. The referee informed attorneys in the case yesterday that he would enter a formal order turning down the claim.

O'Gara's claim was an outgrowth of the bankruptcy proceedings of the O'Gara Coal company, whose affairs are still in the federal courts. The company, which in 1913 was believed to be hopelessly insolvent, prospered as a result of the war and now is said

to be not only able to pay all debts but to show a comfortable balance in the bank.

The O'Gara claim was based on a transaction involving the guarantee of bonds of a subsidiary corporation, the Pennsylvania Malleable Coal corporation, and the Harrisburg Big Muddy Coal company of Harrisburg, Ill.; the Harrisburg Saline Collieries company and the Vivian Collieries company are involved in the bankruptcy proceedings. Their debts when the proceedings started were in excess of \$7,000,000.

Clarance Silber, attorney representing the claim in bankruptcy, who opposed the O'Gara's \$1,500,000 claim declared last night that the referee's decision removed one big obstacle toward an early adjustment of the corporation's affairs.

"Mr. O'Gara now has no claim against the corporation under the referee's ruling," Mr. Silber said.

The law firm of Tenney, Harding & Silberman, representing the corporation, declared last night that the referee's decision removed one big obstacle toward an early adjustment of the corporation's affairs.

In 1913 when the coal company was taken into the bankruptcy courts the right to buy the company was cited as the principal reason for the proceedings. At that time Mr. O'Gara and the company as well as three subsidiaries of the New York Central lines, were under federal indictment charged with giving and accepting rebates. These cases since have been settled.

ATLANTIC FLIGHT START MUST BE BETWEEN STORMS

BOYS PREFER FARMS TO HOME; COURT AGREES

Washington, D. C., March 31.—While plans for the trans-Atlantic flight on naval seaplanes are rapidly taking form, not even a tentative date for the start has been selected. It was explained yesterday by the navy department that the getaway would be influenced by wind storms.

After the machines reach Newfoundland the start must be made between storms which sweep down from the arctic every three or four days. The beginning of the flight must be delayed until the winds are such that the machines will not overtake one storm as it slows down before dissipating at sea and yet will not be caught in a second squall.

Before "jumping off" the ocean shore the seaplanes will be called upon to make a long voyage that has yet been negotiated by naval machines—that from Rockaway Beach to Newfoundland, with one stop, probably at Halifax, for fuel.

Reputed I.W.W. Organizer Fined \$5 for Assault

James Rohan, said to be an I.W.W. organizer, was fined \$5 and \$5 costs by Judge John F. Haas in the Des Plaines street court yesterday on a charge of assaulting George Perry, a saloonkeeper at 1237 West Madison street, several days ago.

KANSAS HAD 87,000 FIGHTING MEN.

Topeka, Kan., March 31.—Kansas sent 87,397 men into the military and naval service of the United States, according to the secretary of war, and the list of enlisted men was forwarded to Washington by Charles I. Martin, adjutant general.

Banks Are Guardians of Finance

Banks thrive because they safeguard funds—and, in safeguarding them, make them grow. Savings accounts with us earn 3% per annum, which with \$2.00 a week regularly deposited will amount to \$105.51 in a year. In five years your savings would amount to \$562.35 on this basis. Start saving now.

We have paid depositors since 1890 over

42 Million Dollars in interest

ILLINOIS TRUST & SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$16,400,000

BETROTHED SLAIN M WED HIS

ROMANCE BEG OF PAULINE KILLING B

Through tragedy leads the trail of the Camille Felicie Kosseph R. Mikolas.

When, at the trial, millionaire designer, shooting and killing dra, the character of being defamed, it was who took the stand she and not the woe-cased of the model, Dr. Jindra. As the she tried to the the young hospital she did, to protect boy who was "clean true, and whose m kept clean."

Until Miss Kostner the claim of Miss Ph been the betrothed been dispensed with similar's family said that while no f existed between the stood that they shou Jindra had attained his profession.

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Two Killed; O Other by

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LISSEN!!

You can get twice as many ordinary cigarettes for the price of Murad.

But you cheat yourself of everything that makes a cigarette worth while—the delight, the satisfaction, the aristocracy of pure Turkish tobacco—none like it!

100%
PURE TURKISH
the world's most
famous tobacco
for cigarettes

Judge for yourself—!

Anargyros Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

MURAD
THE TURKISH CIGARETTE

ARGUES I. W. W. DEMURKE.
Attorneys were present for the defense. Attorney George F. Vanderveer before Federal Judge George A. Carpenter yesterday on a demur to the indictment charging W. C. Russell with the killing of James J. Tamm. Russell was indicted last July when it was found he had approached William D. Russell, who was a member of the I. W. W., who resulted in the conviction of ninety-three. Judge Carpenter took the arguments under advisement.

WONDER-MIST
The Sprayer Polish
Cleans and polishes your car in 15 minutes. Simply spray over the dust, mud, or grease, wipe off with cheesecloth dampened with water, then polish with a dry cheesecloth. Also use in the home for furniture, woodwork, and floors.
Buy WONDER-MIST from your Auto Supply Furniture, Drug or Hardware Dealer.
THE WONDER-MIST MFG. CO.
Boston, Mass.



"DUO" CORD and "XTRA-PLI" FABRIC TIRES

are of that quality which you have been trying to find in pneumatic tires

BECAUSE they are made of the very best tire material (no shoddy used).

BECAUSE they are continually tested with same "barbecue" method which is used by the U. S. Government.

BECAUSE they have passed all government tests and are on the approved lists of Nov. 4th, 1918.

BECAUSE they are the cheapest tires you can buy, quality considered.

The following list of a few of our satisfied users will confirm our statements:

Chas. S. Heywood (Ill. Steel Co.), 280 La Salle St.
Doechel & Bauer Co., 1534-44 Altgold St.
The Geo. Wittbold Co., 745 Buckeye St.
Eureka Tire Co., 821 W. 22nd St.
Jaeger-Wall-Bennett Co., 1228 Michigan Ave.

DISTRIBUTORS
Nu-Way Tire & Rubber Co.
1004 Michigan Avenue
Phone Harrison 157

BETROTHED OF SLAIN MAN TO WED HIS FRIEND

Romance Began at Trial of Pauline Plotka for Killing Doctor.

Through tragedy and courtrooms to the announcement of an engagement leads the trail of the romance of Miss Camille Felicite Kostner and Dr. Joseph R. Mikolas.

When, at the trial of Pauline Plotka, millinery designer, charged with the shooting and killing of Dr. Anton Jindra, the character of the dead man was being defamed, it was Miss Kostner who took the stand and testified that she and not the woman who was accused of the murder was engaged to Dr. Jindra. As witness for the state also testified that the good character of the young hospital intern. She did it, she said, to protect the memory of a boy who was "clean and straight and true, and whose memory should be kept clean."

Until Miss Kostner took the stand the claim of Miss Plotka that she had not been betrothed by members of the slain intern's family. Miss Kostner said that while the former engagement started between the two, it was understood that they should wed when Dr. Jindra had attained independence in his profession.

Doctor Backs Her Testimony.

Secondly, according to the testimony of Miss Kostner was that of Dr. Mikolas. He was a personal friend of Dr. Jindra.

Miss Kostner is the sister of Ald. Joseph Kostner. The engagement was announced by her mother, Mrs. Josephine Kostner, 1404 Independence boulevard. Dr. Mikolas is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Mikolas, 2244 South Paulina street.

Miss Kostner said no date for the wedding has been set. Then she added: "Dr. Mikolas is an old friend of mine, and I have known him a very long time."

Since the trial, it is said, Dr. Mikolas and Miss Kostner have been much in each other's company, and the announcement of their engagement occasioned little surprise among their friends.

Miss Plotka was acquitted.

MORE RAIL MEN ASK WAGE RAISE

Washington, D. C., March 31.—Increases in salaries proportional to the wage advances granted to members of the railroad administration board and other railroad employees were asked of the railroad administration board of wages and working conditions today by representatives of the nearly 40,000 professional engineers employed by the railroads of the United States.

The railroads have meanwhile considered today proposed minimum monthly salaries of from \$200 to \$250 for leading draftsmen and designers; \$150 to \$200 for draftsmen; \$100 to \$120 for tracers; \$150 to \$225 for engineer inspectors; \$200 to \$225 for instrument men in surveying; \$125 to \$150 for men in surveying; and \$100 to \$120 for surveyors' tapemans.

Two Killed; One by Taxi, Other by Street Car

Two men were killed in street accidents yesterday morning. Joseph Hauzak, 2002 West Huron street, was struck by a south bound Armitage avenue car at Milwaukee and Wabansia avenues. He died in St. Elizabeth's hospital.

A man believed to be Henry A. Rosen, 546 West Fourteenth street, was struck by a Yellow cab at West Twenty-third and South Halsted streets and died while en route to the county hospital. Henry Nix, 531 West Sixteenth street, driver of the taxi, is being held by the police.

ROMANCE

Star Witness in Murder Trial, Who Will Wed Slain Man's Friend.



UNCLE SAM'S NEW JOB AGENCY HAS SUCCESSFUL DAY

Many Men Are Placed; Specialists Get Few Offers.

Uncle Sam's employment agency for discharged soldiers, sailors, and marines had the best day since its inception yesterday. Dudley Walker, in charge of the office, now located on the second floor at 120 West Adams street, said more men were handled than any previous day.

"But employers should not be led to believe we have positions for all applicants," said Mr. Walker. "We are especially in need of openings for salesmen, chauffeurs, general office clerks,

drill press operators, punch press operators, lathe hands, and screw machine operators. Places for colored men also are needed."

Skilled Labor Plentiful.

He pointed out some employers are under the impression that the bureau is all that is accomplished by the bureau, which operates without charge to man or employer. This is not correct, he said, since many of the applicants, especially machinists, are highly skilled. Many had experience in their trade before going to war and have important skills to offer.

Employers are asked to telephone their needs to the bureau; telephone, Randolph 520. In most cases men can be sent immediately. Out of town places can be filled also.

Finishing touches will be put on the rest room at the bureau's headquarters.

Discharged men are invited to make use of this room when in the loop.

Women's Jobs Go Begging.

Women's jobs are going begging at the general office of the United States bureau at 116 North Dearborn street, according to Supt. Mary V. Halas.

Some women are under age in presentation this office is closed. At present

we have more jobs for office girls than we can fill," said Mrs. Halas.

The office at 116 North Dearborn street handles positions for women and men, and the office at 120 West Adams street cares for discharged soldiers, sailors, and marines.

SECOND PROBE OF SAILOR'S SUICIDE TO START TODAY

A second inquiry into the death of Samuel Bert Moscovitz, a former Great Lakes bluejacket, who died at the Marine hospital March 1 after he had leaped from one of the upper floors of the Edison building, will be started today, according to the arrival of Commander Leslie Bratton of Washington, judge advocate of the navy.

This inquiry into the death of Moscovitz, who enlisted in the navy under the name of Moss, is for the double purpose of investigating charges the dead bluejacket was connected with petty graft and to determine the cause of death with the assistance of relatives. Moscovitz and six others were accused of petty graft in connection with transportation for men on furlough.

After he had been discharged from the navy he was seized in his home in Detroit and brought to Chicago. He was being questioned when he made the fatal leap.



Ide
stands for all
that is smartest
in collars.

—unusual to-day
—popular tomorrow
—individual always

I stood on this exact spot When I was shot by a Hun

Said a doughboy to his mother, as he pointed it out in one of THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL'S war pictures. So accurate are these remarkable pictures. There are four superb ones in the number out to-day.

The Greatest American Moment in the War

"That," said President Poincaré, "was America's greatest moment in all the war," and it is here pictured exactly as it happened, with Foch and Pershing in the foreground.

When Our Boys Stood Between the Kaiser and Paris

That supreme moment when they did what the French thought was impossible. But the Marines did it, and here they are doing it at Belleau Wood. The artist was guided by one who was there and in it.

The Man Who is Still in the White House

Bathed in moonlight, he—not the President—looks from the private porch of the mansion toward the moonlit peak of the Washington Monument: a masterly painting.

The Gray Man and the American Boy

The marvelous experience of an American doughboy and the great Foch which will go down into the history of the war.

Each month thousands are disappointed because they cannot get these wonderful war souvenirs—pictures; an edition is sold as fast as it is put on sale.

In their full superb colors Thousands are being framed

The Easter Ladies' Home Journal More than 1,900,000 Copies

9 Radiant Stories
60 Articles
6 Full-Color Pictures

15 CENTS

The Highest in Quality
The Biggest in Size—188 Pages
The Lowest in Price

The New LIGHT-FOUR

THE New Studebaker LIGHT-FOUR is a roomy comfortable car—decidedly in a class by itself.

It is the lowest-priced high-quality car on the market. The same fine alloy steel—chrome nickel and chrome vanadium, the same complete equipment of Timken bearings, the same lustrous and lasting color and varnish work are found on this car that you find on the higher priced models.

The thorough satisfaction of this car is evidenced by the thousands of letters from enthusiastic owners.

Studebaker Sales Co. of Chicago
Studebaker Automobiles
Michigan Avenue at 21st Street

Beautiful in Design
Thoroughly Modern
Mechanically Right



POSTAL RECORD SHOWS BUSINESS ON THE UPGRADE

First Class Mail in March
12 Per Cent Above
Last Year.

If there was a real depression after the armistice—and authorities differ on that score—it has not only been met

but business activity in Chicago is shooting ahead by leaps and bounds.

The first class letter barometer—one of the most accurate gauges of business activity—offers the proof. It is the first class mail that carries orders and money to business men and manufacturers, and any upturn in receipts means further industrial activity.

Records Show Growth.

Since the turn of the year the increase in first class letters has been continuous. January saw an increase of 5.67 per cent over January, 1918; February brought an increase of 10.30 per cent, and in March, just closed, 12 per cent more first class letters came into Chicago than in March, 1918.

Second and third class mail also is showing big increases. For March these classes of incoming mail increased 26.52 per cent over March, 1918. Special delivery letters, incoming, increased 12.59 per cent in number. There was a jump of 77 per cent in special delivery parcels post, an increase of 45.88 per cent in insured parcels post, c. o. d. parcels post was 47

per cent greater in volume, and ordinary parcels post was up 9 per cent.

"Reliable Yard Stick."

"Incoming first class mail means money to business here," William Samson, in charge of postal stations, said yesterday. "Outgoing mail may mean that the business man is plugging for orders, but when it shows an increase coming in the results are true. Incoming first class mail has always been a reliable yard stick as to business conditions, and present increases seem to indicate that they are better than normal."

Judge Enjoins Picketing in Clothing Union Strike

Judge Charles M. Foss, in the Superior court yesterday, issued an injunction restraining the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America from picketing the office of Cohn, Riesman & Co., 418 South Wells street. The clothing workers in the Cohn-Riesman factory struck recently for a forty-four hour week and a 20 per cent increase in wages.

SHRAPNEL

All clerks and other employees of local draft boards throughout the country go off the government's pay roll tonight at midnight. Offices of the boards will be closed, as their work is finished, but the members retain their official status until they are released formally by President Wilson.

The home auxiliary of Company K, One Hundred and Thirty-second Infantry, will hold a meeting at Second Regiment armory, Madison street and Washburn avenue, at 8 o'clock tonight.

Mail A. H. McNeal desires to meet relatives and friends of the man in the One Hundred and Eighth Field signal battalion, room 1128 County building, at 8 o'clock tomorrow night, regarding arrangements for "homecoming" reception for this unit.

"LOOPHOUND," 11 YEARS OLD, ALSO GLOBE TROTTER

Juvenile court officers have learned more about the adventurous career of Wilbert L. Bonfield, 11 years old, who posed as Edward Hines' "adopted son" when first arrested, last Wednesday, after occupying a box in a loop the after.

A probation officer says Wilbert stole

\$19.50 from a cashier in a downtown department store. The cashier identified him, but Wilbert denies taking the money.

Wilbert's mother, Mrs. Anna Bonfield, 219 East Chicago avenue, was in

the city yesterday.

"I have tried to make a good boy of Wilbert," she said, "but he always has run away from home—ever since he was little boy. I have reported his absence to the police many times. That boy has been all over the country. He has been in the west and several times in New York and Pittsburgh. He will not stay home."

Your son—
are you sure
he has a father?

"Will Fathers Never Learn?" is a simple unvarnished confession of what happened to a boy and why. No parent can afford to miss this boy's startling disclosures, which picture the risks that may come to your own children. Mothers do not know; they do not suspect. Fathers know; but they forget. Read this true and pathetic narration tonight. And then get your husband to read it.

Will the woman of the future want to be a mother? is one of the questions asked—and answered—by W. L. George in "Women and the New Society."

"Thirst," a masterpiece by Ida A. R. Wylie, gives a vivid glimpse of Russia.

Then there are stories by Kathleen Norris, Jennette Lee, Rebecca Hooper Eastman; more of those powerful serials, "The River's End" by James Oliver

Curwood, and "The Web of the Spider" by Arthur Somers Roche.

Good Housekeeping Institute contains countless suggestions; among them "Time-Saving Meals" and "The Secret of the Successful Small Roast." There are 17 pages of Spring Fashions—64 individual sketches of suits, blouses, dresses, etc., showing the very latest modes. Astounding value—get it today.

Another thing—every advertisement in Good Housekeeping is guaranteed. Every food product is tested by our Bureau of Foods, Sanitation and Health, every household appliance is tried out by Good Housekeeping Institute.

Think what this means to you.

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

for APRIL

OUT TODAY—AT YOUR NEWSDEALER'S—25 CENTS

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In the Spring Exposition MILLINERY

Reverts to the Elegance of the Directoire
and the First Empire

SUCH surprises as have been planned in the Millinery Sections—with their six great divisions, French, English, American, Debutante, Juvenile and Untrimmed! Such historic styles as have been revived, such old-fashioned stuffs and trimmings! From the world-famed flower-maker—Natalie Bourse of Paris—our own French designer personally chose many of her most exquisite flowers.

From days of the Directoire and the First Empire the styles are descended; even the famed personages of those days—Pauline Bonaparte, Joseph

TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1919.

* * * 17

WIVES ALMOST
SPOILED BIRTH
OF CHICAGO CLUB

Opposed Its Formation in
1869; Edward Blair
Tells Its History.

The story of the Chicago club, as written by Edward T. Blair for "Chicago Yesterday," gives new and interesting sidelights on the men who were prominent in the early life of the city.

The Chicago club was born at a meeting in the Sherman house in January, 1869. It was an outgrowth of the club formed in 1867, and was organized in 1868. The organization committee of the Chicago club consisted of Charles H. Farwell, Philip Wadsworth, John N. Jones, Henry K. Pierson, David N. Hayes, W. J. Barney, and Octavius Badger.

"There was considerable doubt in the minds of the gentlemen approached," Mr. Blair writes, "as to the nature of the organization they were requested to join. Even when this was successfully explained, a further opposition, on the part of their wives, had to be encountered."

Rent Farmham Mansion.

Six merchants put up \$500 each for the preliminary expenses, and the old Farmham house, between Adams and Jackson streets, was rented and furnished. The first meeting was held May 1, 1869. Ezra B. McCagg, a leading attorney, was elected president. Mr. McCagg had married the sister of William B. Ogden, Chicago's first mayor. The McCagg residence, in Cass street, had one of the finest libraries in the country and was a social center.

The club doubled its membership during the first year, although it was not much frequented except on Saturday nights. Candidates for membership were voted in by the entire club. A luncheon was held on Washington street west of Lake Street.

At the time those who frequented the club were Granville Kimball, who owned stage lines in Michigan, and Col. Ludd Tilton, resident director of the Illinois Central. Others were the Gage brothers, Col. Henry Farrar, editor of the Evening Journal; Dr. Eldridge, after whom Eldridge avenue is named; the Fisher brothers; John B. Raymond, a society beau; U. H. Crosby, Howard Priestly, Edward J. Minot, and Edward Carrey, the French consul.

Gen. Sheridan a Member.

Among the prominent lawyers who became early members of the club were Judge Beckwith and Mr. Kales, Judge Fuller and Judge Skinner occasionally came to the club. Mr. Blair writes:

"Wirt Dexter, Judge Dickey, and Judge Tree were also among our most distinguished members. The club was there were several of national reputation like Melville W. Fuller, afterward chief justice; L. J. Gage, Franklin MacVeagh, Robert T. Lincoln, who became cabinet ministers, our most distinguished member, without doubt, was Gen. Philip H. Sheridan.

"His appearance was in striking contrast to a short, stocky body and neck, a massive well-shaped head, close cropped hair, a complexion crimsoned by exposure and high living, and features of stern, predatory cast like those of an Indian. He gathered around him the most brilliant staff we ever had in Chicago. 'The staff' never cut much of a figure in Chicago society as it did in Sheridan's day. Probably the handsomest dinner seen here up to that time was given in the Chicago club by Col. Schuyler Crosby.

Destroyed in Big Fire.

"The club was in the week before the great fire, when Gen. Anson Steger asked a number of its members to meet James Gordon Bennett and others who were returning from a hunting trip in the west.

The second day of the fire the club caught fire and members at breakfast finished their meal on the lake shore. The club lost even its records. The panic of 1873 ruined many members and the club maintained a precarious existence until July, 1878, when it moved into a stone house built for them by N. K. Durbin. This house was De Jonghe's restaurant now stands. It was considered a marvel of luxury at that time.

"The Millionaire's Table."

One group in the club was referred to as the "millionaires' table."

"The men who started it, Robert T. Lincoln, Edward S. Isham, Henry W. Maxwell, and Norman Williams were something but millionaires at that time," Mr. Blair writes. "The young men, all college men and of distinguished antecedents, came to Chicago about the same time and formed a friendship which was never broken.

"The 'millionaire' element of the organization was the social life of the day, an old bachelor with strongly marked traits of his Scotch ancestry. For forty years no social function in Chicago was complete without his presence."

**EX-LEGISLATOR
'LOST'; MARRIED?**

Republican workers in the lake side wards, south of Devon avenue paused in their labors yesterday afternoon long enough to inquire of their captain what had become of Harry Shaver, former state legislator and a tireless campaigner.

Shaver's marriage license record added interest to the quest for Shaver, whose father, Frederick D. Shaver, 5119 Sheridan road, stated he had not seen his son since morning. Harry L. Shaver, 34, and Kathryn E. Miles, 31, were granted a license to wed.

PLEASANT SCANDAL
AT POWERS'

BY PERCY HAMMOND.

IT is said in Miss Chatterton's new comedy that when culprits attack a virtuous woman their words turn to flowers.

That being the case you may imagine the beauty and fragrance of the scandal in "Moonlight and Honeyuckles." For the odious aspersions put upon the chastity of the heroine in the play are the invention of none other than the heroine herself.

Here she is more charming than ever, telling one suitor after another that though pure at present such has not always been her state. Once upon a time, she lies to them, she erred. On a spring night, in a bower of honeysuckle (the lunar conditions being propitious) she forgot. Though the evil man subsequently went out of her life and is now nothing more than a bitter memory, she feels that those who wish to marry her should know of that mad moment in the moonlit garden.

Miss Chatterton is a tired belle of the congressional set in Washington. Her only parent is a jovial senator from Arizona, an ex-sheriff and very good man, who has been her confidante and has intrigued four candidates for her hand in marriage, and she has been identified as those stolen from Chicagoans.

Schilling was taken before Justice of the Peace Taylor, who held him in \$2,000 bonds, which he was unable to furnish. State's Attorney Welch questioned him at length regarding the transactions. The sergeant declared he had purchased and sold nine cars. He named a "Harry Evans," a bluejacket, recently discharged, he said. Records at the station failed to show a sailor of that name.

Claims Numerals Defaced.

George Bairstow, manager of Lake county, who lives in Waukegan, purchased one of the cars, which the representatives say was stolen from Anthony Dyke, 7724 North Paulina street, Feb. 15. Another machine, sold to a North Chicago resident, they say was stolen from a man in Waukegan, and was sold to C. C. 4 North Clark street, Feb. 21.

The detectives say that the motor numerals of both cars had been defaced.

Schilling was formerly said to be Lieut. Col. W. H. Wrigley, son of William Wrigley, Jr., and head of a class of apprentices at Great Lakes during the war. Recently he was given an instructor in the apprentice school for aviation mechanics and machinists.

Was Once Suspended.

Last summer he was suspended from duty for several weeks by Lieut. Col. W. H. Wrigley, Jr., in charge of the aviation school, but was reinstated later after a reprimand by Capt. Mof-

fee, then commanding. Last month he accompanied the aviation champion basketball team on a tour of the middle west and is said to have made considerable money by betting on the tour.

He is a graduate of the U. S. Navy Gas Engine school at Columbia University, New York, and served four years as an enlisted man before the war. His home is in St. Louis, although his wife and mother have been living in Lake Bluff during his assignment at Great Lakes.

"When we reached Burnham Godfay got scared and drove us back to the Hammond police station. I got home where Godfay was waiting for me. When we reached the Conroy home my sister was refused her baby, so for revenge Godfay tossed one of her trunks into the machine and we started for Chicago.

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Mr. Beban Made 'Hearts of Men' All by Himself

"HEARTS OF MEN."
Produced and directed by George Beban.
Presented at the Ziegfeld.

THE CAST.
Nicolo Rosetti, his mother, Sarah Kieran Beppo, his son, George Beban Jr., Tim Ferroni; a rose of "Napoli"; Mabel Van Buren; John W. Compton; Harry Peterson Mrs. vs. his clerk, Leo Peterson Buck Hughes, construction boss; Clarence Burton Hop Sing, by himself. Story by William M. McCoy.

By Mae Tinée.

This picture comes as the first directly directed swat by an independent against the people he used to be dependent on. In other words, Mr. George Beban, having tired of working to the crack of the whip, rebelled, and decided to be his own master; decided to make his money by himself. The picture business that now and then pictures without a blonde lady and a clutch at the end would be accepted by a discerning public. Decided—well—a lot of things. What they are I'll tell you Sunday, just as Mr. Beban told me during our hour long chat yesterday.

The great charm about the Beban pictures lies in their simplicity. Little stories of humble lives they are, presented with rare insight, delicacy, and sureness of touch.

Though the romance of man and maid is still there, it is the great joy of Mr. Beban to feature what he calls "the big loves." And these are the loves of kindred and friends—the loves that entail sacrifice, the loves that gladly give all and ask nothing.

When they asked Mr. Beban kindly to get into the rut and deliver punch and sharp gristly situations with ease, Mr. Beban kindly got out on his own, and produced "Hearts of Men," in which he does just what he pleases, as he pleases, with most appealing and artistic result.

His Nicolo Rosetti, adoring son of a "rambler," is a "seeks" on the Jules, which the dandies of the world have never grown better unless she is taken to the "high places." Nicolo is a widower with a little son, whom his brother has tenderly cared for.

To the "high places" they come, Nicolo and the boy, first to a "high place." How his hair wins it for him by fighting a construction gang is a delicious incident. Anyhow, when the mamma comes there are plenty of rough but kindly hands and hearts to make her welcome.

But the "seeks" has gone too far, and Nicolo and the little boy are left alone. How they are victimized by a coy and cruel stepmother, saved by the "gang," and finally come into their own makes a tale of intense interest. Interesting of itself. Intensely interesting because of the manner in which it is told.

Mr. Beban is at his best in the part and his supporting cast is composed of people chosen with the keenest eye for type. And that little George Beban Jr. —

Mrs. Beban, who is in town with her husband, having left the baby for the next time in her life, was watching the picture yesterday. In one of the scenes she said impulsively and audibly:

"You darling! You lamb!" The woman her remarked also audibly to a companion:

"Listen to that, would you?" Mrs. Beban turned.

"Well, he's my baby, and I guess I can say what I please about him!" she exclaimed.

After that the silence!

DORIS BLAKE'S ANSWERS

Eye May Lie.

Dear Miss Blake: Last night while in attendance at a social gathering I sat beside a prominent woman writer whose most distinguished characteristic is wonderful auburn hair. Was I correct in permitting the formality of the occasion and her prominence as a writer, to deter me from expressing my admiration of her "crowning glory" or was it a sufficient admiration sufficient? Please advise me in this matter.

Don't be a quill, an occasion or a wisp of hair ever prevent you from extending the bit of Blarney. There's no occasion nor head nor writing ability to justify such terror in a young man's soul. Ocular admiration is in sufficient, as extended by male eyes because sometimes love lies in man's eyes, and lies and lies!

Mrs. McCormick Not a Director of Illinois Woman's Athletic Club

Washington, D. C., March 31.—(Special)—Mrs. Medill McCormick denied today that she is a member of the board of directors of the Illinois Woman's Athletic club. It is true, Mrs. McCormick explained, that about two years ago I accepted an invitation to become a director, but I resigned last September. I never was actively associated with the club, even during the time I was nominally one of its directors, and knew very little about it, and I have no knowledge whatever of its present or past progress.

The affairs of the club, of which Mrs. William Severin is president, have been attracting attention for several days.

Mrs. McCormick's name still appears in the list of directors, others being Mrs. Clare Blair, Miss Florence D'Urso, Mrs. Grace Merchant, Miss Anna Curtis, Mrs. Charles M. Shippy, Mrs. Charles C. Jones.

W. W. C. A. Takes Up Safeguarding of Girls

For discussion for members of the Y. W. C. A. and an improved budget system for the organization were discussed at a star chamber meeting of the secretaries of the national body held in the Hotel La Salle yesterday. Miss Mabel Cratty, general secretary of the national board of the Y. W. C. A. of New York, was present. The meeting was devoted to a discussion of the problems of housing girls and methods for safeguarding them in cities and larger towns. The conference closed last night.

GEORGE BEBAN JR.
Finally Known to Those Who Love Him as "Bob White." He's Four and a Half, and, According to His Father, Still "Talks in Bunches."



Photo: WITZEL.

Tribune Cook Book

Cocoa Cake.

Although this is the day for making gowks or simpletons of people, the following recipe is not of the April fool sort. People do get fooled on the gowks of too familiarity by trying to be wise, which is the case for cocoa cake is one. But I like to see a good thing for trade recipes when I can because I would like to convince the food trades that the books of recipes they send should be as reliable as agricultural "bulletins." These books of these often expensive books would not then be wasted while we pay the piper when we buy the food product.

As prominent a woman in domestic science as there is in the country says she tells the trade not to send these books because she will throw them straight into the waste basket with the rest of the trash. Her son, a son to feel even more rabid than that, because I have tried with deplorable success to influence several food manufacturers to make their books what I conceive such ought to be. They pay people well who know how to prepare recipes for their products and then, for show or other purposes, pay hobbyists who are not qualified, perhaps giving the one who prepared it no opportunity to correct or advise.

The following trade recipe looked as though it would not result in a dry, choky chocolate cake, like so many we see, and it looks more deceptive. You can make a rather flavor cake with this.

Wood to Speak in Evanston.

Under the auspices of the Men's club of St. Luke's Episcopal church, Gen. Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commander of the central department, United States army, will deliver an address this evening at the Evanston Woman's club. All the men active in war activities of Evanston will constitute a committee to receive Gen. Wood.

Real Love Stories

Do you know a real love story—one that is wanted? Attention will be paid to literary style. The Tribune will pay \$1 for each story submitted. No manuscripts returned. Address Doris Blake, The Tribune, Chicago.

To Late.

Many years ago I lived in the Normans, off the coast of France, my parents being natives of those "Normans" Isles of Eden in the dark blue sea.

One summer, my sister and I, roaming over the forested hills, met two young men, tutor and pupil, spending a vacation among the charming Isles.

With such romantic surroundings as screaming sea gulls, Martello towers, and lonely sandy beaches the pupil and I fell violently in love, while the tutor entertained my sister. Thrilling moonlight walks on the dark cliffs varied by long daylight ramble and picnics through the flowery country lanes, were terminated by the end of the vacation. We said farewell, and he vowed to write at once, and come back as soon as possible to fetch me. Patiently I waited awhile, but my heart was within me all the time from my lover.

I was sent over the sea to boarding school and there met a young man who insisted on escorting me home. He had such a dominant personality, combined with much cash, that my beloved mother urged our marriage.

On my return to the Islands, from my honeymoon in Paris, my old nurse said to me: "You know that fair young man you were so much in love with summer before last. He was here last week and told me he had

Bright Sayings of Children

We came upon two small boys half pushing and half riding in two little express wagons hitched together. "What are you doing, John?"

"I'm playing train," said John.

"He's the engine and I'm the car."

R. D. W.

June is having some difficulty in settling upon the proper title for her father. The other day she was playing with one of his collars, when she tore it. Just then she heard him coming upstairs and "rushing to the top step, called in distressed tones: "O, daddy, I have torn my hubble's collar."

S. W. W.

"Clifford, what is an island?" asked Clifford and not studied his geography lesson, and was stupefied for a moment by his teacher's question. "Well," he said, pausing between words to think, "an island is a place where, if you haven't got a boat, you can't get off."

H. P. G.

asked, "playing train?" "Yap," replied John, absorbed, but with a twinkle in his eye he added, pointing to his lover.

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come to fetch you, as he was now out of college; he was quite stunned when I told him you were married!"

She handed me his card—no need to look—my heart sank like lead. It was my old lover.

X.

A Friend in Need Sally Joy Brown

I want to be the medium through which the friend in need and the friend in need may be brought together. It may be you have some special article which has not been used, or you feel that with some less fortunate one happy, and you would gladly give it if you knew how to do so. I am too happy to be of service to you. Please write on one side of the paper.

When you write, please enclose a stamped, addressed envelope should a reply be required.

Please do not send care of address to the Tribune, Chicago.

Wretchedly Lonesome.

I am so wretchedly lonesome here in Chicago, where I am a complete newcomer; that I wonder whether I might be able to meet some women in good circumstances, who are fond of outdoors, lectures, an afternoon's work, etc. Does this seem like a good idea?

With much pleasure, I will do my best to help you.

S. L. Hammie

Chairman of the Women's Council, Mrs. T. E. Karp executive committee, Mrs. John Timothy treasurer; Mrs. John Timothy, Mrs. Ruthen Deane, Mrs. Win. B. Storer, Mrs. John Hamilton McCormick, Mrs. Augustus S. Peabody, Mrs. Chancery, Mrs. Vickery, etc.

W. W. W.

"I am sure, many like you, are in Chicago, who appreciate your feeling of loneliness and who would be glad to meet a congenial companion. Perhaps some of them will write me for your address.

G. M. K.

Invalid Gets Chair.

I wish to thank you most sincerely for the invalid chair so promptly received through the medium of your department. Mrs. C. received the chair and her heart is overflowing with gratefulness.

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G. M.

SOCIETY and Entertainments

Society Aids \$6,000 Drive of Business Women's Council

medium through which
and the friend in need
together. It may be you
are not quite sure what
refuse that will make
one happy, and you
it is not right to
te to me and I shall be
to be of service to you
and your friends. Your
envelope should accom-
pany the card, and send
it to me, and I shall be
able to do what I can for
you.

Please do not send par-
ticulars but write for
the general and send direct.

Only Lonesome.

lighly lonesome here
I am a complete
I wondered whether I
to meet some women in
es, who are fond of
an afternoon's ses-
work, sit down and
of meeting people
I will find some
few congenial think-
through your splendid
C. D. K."

sure, many like you,
you, who appreciate
a friend, and who
to meet a congenial
perhaps some of them
for your address.

and Gels Chair.

thank you most sincerely
chair so promptly re-
the medium of your
C. received the
art is overflowing with
G. M. K."

WEST

ALL SQUARE
22ND MARSHALL DIVE

BROW AND TUESDAY,
MURKIN, CHICAGO,
WRIGHT'S STORY OF
TUGS AND THRILLS.

Worth
Gates Miller to See

ES OF
WORLD

RAL PARK
BALABAN AND KATZ
DIRECTORS
AND CENTRAL PARK AV.

WEDDING & THURSDAY

AVAGANCE
Its Name Honesty,
Luxury and Wealth.

THY DALTON
Spectre, Butcher Wife
and the Spectre
Artists. Moreover,

ark Presentation

—Theatrical Beauty to the
theatres of the Drama.

MRS. SIDNEY DREW

—Madame, Mrs. Drew
and the Play.

IN A MASON'S
Theatrical Review, Brief Plays
2 P. M. Almost Midnite

WFORD
Near Madison St.
IN 2 to 11:30 P. M.
the Straight
ord Ticket
HERE
Films—Appro-
Music
Surroundings
List We Recommend
GUERITE
ARK
MEN and A GIRL"
our Election Returns Re-
tire and flushed on
immediately.

ON SQUARE
MADISON ST.

LY KING
SPENSE"
turns by Special Wire
Tongue

BURTHWEST
ING PARK BOULEVARD
AT CRAWFORD
ICE TALMADGE
ANDAL

WESTERN ART STAGE
MAT DAILY
BETTER "OLE"
FROM THE LOOP

ND DIVISION MR. ROYNE
—MAT AND EVA
TALMADGE
DORATION WIFE"

AK PARK
LIMER & TRIN
K PARK
Wisconsin Ave "L"
Station
GRACE DARMOND
Wifred Lucas
"WOMAN'S
WOMAN WANTS"
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
"POLICE"
Electron Returns
Tongue

AUSTIN
500 N. Parkside Ave.
BUCKLE, "LOVE"
KERNAGAN
"Again
Smith

11 CHICAGO
05 COMMERCIAL AVENUE
NATIONAL AND ELLIOTT
WASHBURN
R BOOB"

ONS in "HAVE ANOTHER"
CHILDREN'S ORCHESTRA

nd in Need
Brown

HIGHEST PRICE OF MONTH MADE IN HOG MARKET

Competition Between Local and Outside Interests Brisk.

TOP PRICES COMPARED

LIVE STOCK	
Prices for live stock in Chicago yesterday follow:	
Heavy butchers	\$19.50
Medium weights	19.70
Heavy and mixed packing	18.80
Rough, heavy packing	18.40
Light bacon	17.00
Light mixed	19.50
Poor to best pigs	14.50
Stags	16.15

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK

INSURANCE NEWS IN ALL BRANCHES EAST AND WEST

J. F. Stafford Today Becomes Western Manager of the Sun.

BY THOMAS R. WEDDELL

John F. Stafford, who resigned as agency superintendent of the western department of the London and Lancashire Sun of London, will assume his new duties today. Yesterday, on leaving the London and Lancashire office, he was presented with a handsome silver service from the company and with a set of pearl studs and other evening dress fittings from the office and from his wife.

Prinston T. Kelsey, whom Mr. Stafford succeeds and who is now United States manager at New York, has called in the field men of the department to meet the new manager, and will give them a dinner at the Union Club this evening. Mr. Kelsey will be the guest of the Chicago managers at a farewell luncheon at the Union League club tomorrow.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The following has been nominated for the executive committee of the Chicago Board of Underwriters to be voted on at their monthly meeting April 10: John M. Thomas, western manager of Fire Association, A. O. Burdick of the Rollins-Burdick-Hunter Company, and George R. Roberts of G. W. Roberts & Son.

LIFE INSURANCE

At the annual meeting of the committee of the National Association of Life Underwriters held at the Hotel La Salle, plans were made to have a meeting in Chicago held Sept. 29-Oct. 2 at Pittsburgh. The program will be devoted entirely to life insurance, and the speakers will be men outside the business. The desire is to present something of real value to the man who is divided into conferences, at which the various phases of salesmanship will be discussed. The chairman of the program for the year will be "The Civic Duties of the Life Insurance Agent."

DEATH OF A. E. LARTER

Arthur E. Larter, manager of the automobile department of the National Ford, died last week in his home in Newark. He had formerly vice president of the American Legion and was a member of the Legion's executive committee.

George Baker, for the last year general sales manager for the Illinois Steel company, has retired from the active management of the sales department, at his own request, with a view to add to his leisure capacity to the department. Edwin J. Miller, for some time the representative of the Carnegie Steel company in Chicago and former manager of the sales department of Cleveland and Canada, succeeds Mr. Baker in Cleveland, O. He succeeds Mr. Baker.

The bonds will be given title to oil lands in Veneto, south of Gorizia, which are disputed by the Union Oil company of that state in a decision by the Supreme court.

Chicago bank clearance for the month of March decreased \$97,753,051, as compared with those of March, 1918. The total was \$2,247,190,080, contrasted with \$2,343,045,000 in March, 1918. The clearing yesterday was \$87,832,510, against \$137,044 last Monday.

France was quoted nominally at 405, up in the day, and for a time a sale probably could not have been made at this figure. This is within 1½ centimes of the low record.

This fall of European exchange leads many to believe that the London money market will soon advance in prosperity and start a flood of oil to the market.

The annual report of the American Zinc, Lead and Smelting company for 1918 shows a net profit of \$1,415,000, as compared with \$1,780,163 in 1917 and \$107,967 in the year before that.

This is equivalent to \$2.22 per share on the 1,632 shares of common stock after dividend of \$0.90 per share on the 80,640 shares of preferred.

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STUBBORN SHORT PAYS PENALTY; PRICE GOES UP

Advance and Reaction
Within Five Minutes
of Each Other.

BY CHARLES D. MICHAELS.

Stubborn shorts in March corn whoed on until the last yesterday had to give up the position, as the price moved up over \$1.50 to \$1.75, with \$1.75 bid for an instant. Wagner, Bartlett-Frazer, Hogan & Bryan and Lamson leading the jump brought out selling by Nye, Jenkins and Almquist Grain company and the price dropped back to \$1.65 at the close, a net gain of 5¢ for the day. The entire advance and reaction occurred in less than five minutes, with a very light trade. Strength in March was a feature of the market all day, affecting other deliveries, and they closed 3¢ up on May, 2¢ better on July, and 24¢ up on the month. Oats were affected by corn, and gained 4¢ @ 14¢ in Chicago.

Southwestern corn markets closed 2¢ to 3¢ higher and outside out markets were 1¢ to 1½¢ with Minnesota leading.

March Corn Has Bules.

Local traders were inclined to the selling side of corn early, but when March started upward there was general buying by shorts and a bulge of 8¢ to 10¢ low point followed. May getting within 4¢ of the best figure of the season, with a reaction of 4¢ at the close, was finish being at \$1.51¢. The more distant deliveries were to wider discounts than the May, with finishing at 1.30¢ and September 1.23¢.

The strength in March was the dominating influence and offset all other factors. Trade was fairly active at times, but the local element was inclined to wait with caution a good part of the day. Commission houses bought early and sold on the advance.

Any advance of price in the sample market was in the face of arrivals of 183 cars, the No. 2 and No. 3 grades which were deliverable on March contracts showing the greatest appreciation. The movement showed a fair increase, St. Louis having 171 cars and Omaha 115 cars, the latter comparing with 54 cars last year. Advices of coming shipments were larger, but part of the grain is going to other markets which have been paying above a Chicago parity.

With favorable weather forecast it is expected that farmers will be too busy to do much hauling within a few days. A decrease of 285,000 bushels in the visible brought the total down to 2,514,000, which is the smallest known at this season. Eastern corn was 15¢ lower, with shipping sales 15¢ per bushel. Delivers were 118,000 bushels.

Exporters Resell Oats.

Heavy selling of May by brokers who generally act for cash interests was attributed to hedging against realales of the cash grain by the Wheat Export company, and by seaboard exporters. This made a sharp break at one time, but the late strength in corn led to general short covering and an advance with the wheat within 4¢ to the top on the active market. May finished at 40¢, July at 43¢ and September at 40¢. Trading in March was light, with the close at 3¢ bid.

Part of the oats resold by the seaboard were on the basis of 8¢ under May, against sales at 16½¢ on the sample market. Domestic shipping business aggregated 40,000 bu. Delivered 25,000 bu. Receipts for the day were 104 cars, with sample values 94¢ to 100 higher.

Exporters Buy Barley.

Exports were affected and a few scattered cars were sold on the basis of 8½¢, track Baltimore from outside points. Futures were 5½¢ to 6¢ higher, with May at \$1.73. No. 2 in the sample market, which sells at 12¢ under May, brought \$1.67½ to 65¢, or 50¢ to 55¢ higher, there being no business toward the last. Receipts 22 cars. Milwaukee was 12¢ lower, with sales at \$1.06½ to 1.14. Minneapolis was 16¢ higher and Milwaukee 10¢ higher. The northwest had 23 cars.

Clover seed strong. Contract prima, \$61.60. Country lots, \$20.00 to \$45.00 per 100 lbs. Toledo, \$1.00 higher at a new record figure, \$31.25 for cash and March, per bu of 60 lbs. Timothy seed firm. Country lots, \$1.00 to \$10.00 per 100 lbs. Toledo 12½¢ higher; May, \$5.00 per 40 lbs.

Porc and Hibs up the Maximum.

Light offerings of corn and hogs with sharp pointings of the latter, were mainly responsible for the covering by houses with eastern connections, and prices advanced and closed at the maximum gains allowed for a day on park and ribs, \$1.00 and 50¢ respectively, while lard gained 45¢ to 46¢. There was a sharp drop in the market, which was attributed to packers' brokers. Exports of bacon and hams from the seaboard last week were 44,565,000 lbs, against 33,359,000 lbs last year. Cash trade was moderate, with cash lard \$2.30 and short ribs \$2.00 to \$2.00, depending upon weight. Prices follow:

Mass Pork. G. C. 1.00

High, Low, Mar. 31, Mar. 29, Apr. 1.

LE HELP.
Offices.
DEARBORN ST.
P. TO SELL
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16 years.
W.R. WAIST
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INCHED FOR 24
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Also, 1624 S. Halsted.
MILLINERY.
Dated.

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WOMEN
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Take Adams and
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REAL ESTATE-FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN FARMS FOR investors, or investors, size location, and price to suit. W. Washington Central 4072.

REAL ESTATE-COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—ON THE ROOM HOUSE and barn with all city conveniences, 100 ft. from Grand Trunk, plenty of room, the garden spot 2 acres of land. E. M. Bushnell, Flint Laker, Valparaiso, Ind.

REAL ESTATE-CATTLE RANCHES.

FOR SALE—6,000 A. STOCK GRAIN AND CROPS, 100 ft. from road; 110 ft. by 100 ft. apple and cherry orchard, barns and sheds, close to market, 100 ft. from road. Can add 6,000 ft. of pasture, 100 ft. from road. WILLIAMS, 615 W. Madison.

FOR SALE—CASTLE SHIPEK HOG ALFALFAR, 100 ft. from road, 100 ft. from road, and great southwest. JAMES A. ODELL, 1403 G. North Blvd.

REAL ESTATE-ON LANDS.

FOR SALE.

OIL RELEASE, 1,500 ACRES. About 45 miles northwest of Ranger, Texas, surrounded by dense timber. Some already showing oil and gas. Dr. E. C. Morris, 100 W. Madison, and Sun's owners close to market, 100 ft. from road. Can add 6,000 ft. of pasture, 100 ft. from road. WILLIAMS, 615 W. Madison.

FOR SALE—CASTLE SHIPEK HOG ALFALFAR, 100 ft. from road, 100 ft. from road, and great southwest. JAMES A. ODELL, 1403 G. North Blvd.

REAL ESTATE-MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—OPEN FOR QUICK SALE, CORNER lot in restricted neighborhood; trade-in value \$10,000 down; balance monthly, \$100. Call or wire. J. H. Williams, Room 40, Telephone Main 4048.

LAND INFORMATION.

FOR SALE WISCONSIN BUREAU—SOIL, CLIMATE, IMMIGRATION BUREAU, Department of Agriculture, Madison, Wis.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

FOR SALE.

I AM IN A POSITION to make a cash offer for equities in w. to make a location anywhere in the country, if the location is satisfactory. Address P. A. 280, Tribune.

WANTED.

APARTMENT BUILDINGS.

K. R. PEAK & CO. 10 S. LA SALLE-ST.

WILL PAY CASH.

FOR SALE—mod. apt. of 18, to 24 apt., 4 and 5 rooms preferred, with pay from \$50,000 to \$100,000 cash.

W. MURDOCK & CO., 17 N. La Salle-St.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MORTGAGE RENEWALS

On property of Fallerton, east of 4th St., are desired to make improvement in first letter. Address A. C. Irving 9123.

WANTED—HUNG, OR 2 FLAT, 100 ft. from N. W. & W. in Ray Edgerton.

CAUSSON & WHILM, 34 N. W. 706.

WANTED—TO BUY—AT ONCE FOR CASH, 2 and 3 story houses, not over 6 ft. old in Edgerton, terms.

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Neckwear—daintily fine guimpes and sets, the smartest of gilets, scarfs and capes of marabou, all a woman will want. First Floor, North.

April—

and the ways open, through the unfailing sources of this store, to the full accomplishment of all the springtime plans of our patrons.

Assortments complete and in their first freshness bring all that is newly created in apparel for Easter, all that may be required for the home renewed.

The store asks the pleasure of your visit to-day, certain of your interest and approval.



Philippine Lingerie at \$2.95

All Made and Embroidered by Hand

This lovely lingerie, which women have come to know at its best through these sections, is the subject of a featured and timely selling at this occasion.

Both Night-dresses and Envelope Chemises at This Pricing Are Notable Values

One may choose the sleeveless type of night-dress which so many women prefer in summer, or those with little sleeve caps all scalloped and embroidered. In the two styles sketched above at center and left.

Envelope chemises may be had embroidered in designs to match the night-dress pictured at the left. And in other very charmingly embroidered styles.

Anticipating the lingerie needs of the future at this moderate price will be wise economy.

Third Floor, North.

Soft Satin Boudoir Coats Charming Home Robes for Spring

The simple, youth-giving lines of them and the soft, flattering colors make an irresistible appeal. An appeal women can heed with certainty of economy if they take advantage of

A Group Specially Priced at \$10.75

There is smartness in the fall of the corded flounce and a quaint touch in the picot-edged ruffles. One chooses this boudoir coat in old blue, wistaria, ciel blue, pink and rose-color. At \$10.75.

Constantly incoming new styles in negligees are introducing the favored modes of this spring, 1913.

Third Floor, North.

"Sappho" Corsets From France Certain Spring Models Moderately Priced

To the woman who knows, this announcement instantly signifies an opportunity not to be overlooked. Offered now are these

Exquisitely Made French Corsets in Chicago Exclusively Here

Absolutely correct in line and with those little elegancies of decoration and finish which tell of their French origin. In four different models—

At \$12.50, \$15, \$16.50 and \$18.50.

At \$12.50—A daintily fine "Sappho" corset of pink batiste, youthful in line for the small woman. At \$15, a similar model (sketched at right) for the figure a bit heavier—termed "medium." Elastic insets are placed in the skirt portion.

At \$16.50—A "Sappho" corset for the slender woman who desires a very straight line effect at the waist.

At \$18.50—A "Sappho" corset for the large figure. Note the symmetry of line in the sketch at left. Sizes 24 to 40.

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